

# **STET PSD2 API**

Documentation Part 2: Functional Model

Author: Robache Hervé

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# 4. Functional Model

# 4.1. Generic Structures

Some structures are generic and common to several request or response data.

### 4.1.1. AccountIdentification

FIELD MULT.			DESC.					
Acc	ountIdentification		Unique and unambiguous identification for the account between the account owner and the account servicer.  Card accounts must provide the identification of the card through the "other" substructure by giving, for instance, the masked PAN (MPAN).  The currency used for the account, when needed, can be specified through the [currency] field.					
	workspace	[01]	Workspace to which the account is linked.  This workspace might be specified by the AISP when forwarding the consent on accounts.  If not provided, the default workspace is computed from the authentication that was used for getting the OAuth2 Access Token.					
	lban	[01]	ISO20022: International Bank Account Number (IBAN) - identification used internationally by financial institutions to uniquely identify the account of a customer.  Further specifications of the format and content of the IBAN can be found in the standard ISO 13616 "Banking and related financial services - International Bank Account Number (IBAN)" version 1997-10-01, or later revisions.					
	Other		See generic structure GenericIdentification					
currency		[01]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".					

# 4.1.2. AmountType

FIELD MULT.			MULT.	DESC.
AmountType				Structure aiming to embed the amount and the currency to be used.
	Amount [11]		[11]	ISO20022: Amount of money to be moved between the debtor and creditor, before deduction of charges, expressed in the currency as ordered by the initiating party.
		Currency	[11]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".



### 4.1.3. BalanceResource

	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.						
Bala	anceResource		Structure of an account balance						
	name	[11]	Label of the balance						
	balanceAmount	[11]	See generi	c structure AmountType					
			Type of balance						
			CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION				
			CLBD	ISO20022 ClosingBooked	Balance of the account at the end of the pre-agreed account reporting period. It is the sum of the opening booked balance at the beginning of the period and all entries booked to the account during the pre-agreed account reporting period.				
	balanceType	[11]	PRCD	ISO20022 PreviouslyClosedBooked	Balance of the account at the previously closed account reporting period. The opening booked balance for the new period has to be equal to this balance.  Usage: the previously booked closing balance should equal (inclusive date) the booked closing balance of the date it references and equal the actual booked opening balance of the current date.				
			ITAV	ISO20022 InterimAvailable	Available balance calculated in the course of the account servicer's business day, at the time specified, and subject to further changes during the business day. The interim balance is calculated on the basis of booked credit and debit items during the calculation time/period specified.				
			XPCD	ISO20022 Expected	Balance, composed of booked entries and pending items known at the time of calculation, which projects the end of day balance if everything is booked on the account and no other entry is posted.				
			VALU	(None)	Value-date balance				
			OTHR	(None)	Other Balance				
	lastChangeDateTime	[01]	Timestamp of the last change of the balance amount						
	referenceDate	[01]	Reference	date for the balance					
	lastCommittedTransaction	[01]	Identification of the last committed transaction. This is actually useful for instant balance.						

# 4.1.4. CreditTransferTransactionResource

	FIELD		MULT.	DESC.			
(	CreditTransferTransactionResource			ISO20022: Payment processes required to transfer cash from the debtor to the creditor.  The [instructedAmount] property indicates Amount of money to be moved between the debtor and creditor, before deduction of charges, expressed in the currency as ordered by the initiating party.  Usage: This amount has to be transported unchanged through the transaction chain.  API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.			
	paymentId		[11]	ISO20022: Set of elements used to reference a payment instruction.			
	instructionId		[11]	ISO20022: Unique identification as assigned by an instructing party for an instructed party to unambiguously identify the instruction.  API: Unique identification shared between the PISP and the ASPSP			
		endToEndId	[01]	ISO20022: Unique identification assigned by the initiating party to unambiguously identify the transaction. This identification is passed on, unchanged, throughout the entire end-to-end chain.			
	uetr		[01]	ISO20022: Universally unique identifier to provide an end-to-end reference of a payment transaction.			
	resourceld		[01]	API: Identifier assigned by the ASPSP for further use of the created resource through API calls.  The API client cannot set or modify the value of this field.  Since this value can be exchanged between the server and the client as an URL element or for support information, it must not contain sensitive value such as personal or business data.  However it is the duty of each ASPSP to perform its own risk analysis on this topic.			



	FIELD	MULT.		DESC.			
			ISO20022: Date at which the initiating	party requests the clearing agent to process the payment.			
requestedExecutionDate [01]		[01]	API: When set by the PISP, this field indicates the future date at which the payment instruction should be executed and the debtor account should be debited. if this field is not set by the PISP, the ASPSP is requested to execute the payment instruction as soon as possible.  In most of the cases, especially for international payments, the date of the credit on the credit account cannot be set. Only SCTInst can guarantee having the same date for this credit.  When the payment cannot be processed at the requested date, the ASPSP is allowed to shift the applied execution date to the next possible execution date for non-standing orders.  For standing orders, this field is useless since the [startDate] parameter already provides the needed information for the first payment instruction to be executed.				
car	ncellableTill	[01]	This field may allow the PISP to get information on the limit timestamp for requesting cancelation of the transaction.  When this field is not provided by the ASPSP, the PISP must rely on the status of the transaction [transactionStatus] in order to estimate if the transaction is actually cancellable.				
aco	ceptanceDateTime	[01]	ISO20022: Date and time at which all adequate financial cover is available a	processing conditions for execution of the payment are met and at the account servicing agent.			
del	otorDecisionDate	[01]	ISO20022: Date and time on when the	e debtor has accepted or rejected the request.			
appliedExecutionDate		[01]	ISO20022: Date and time on when the	e payment was executed.			
standingOrderCharacteristics		[01]	Specifies the characteristics of a stand	ding order.			
	startDate	[11]	The first applicable day of execution for	or a given period.			
	endDate	[01]	The last applicable day of execution for a given period. If not given, the period is considered as endless.				
executionRule [11		[11]	Execution date shifting rule for standing orders  This data attribute defines the behaviour when recurring payment dates falls on a weekend. The payment is then executed either the "preceding" or "following" working day.  ASPSP might reject the request due to the communicated value, if rules in Online-Banking at this execution rule.				
			FWNG	following			
			PREC	preceding			
	frequency	[11]	Frequency rule for standing orders. The following codes from the "EventFree CODE  DAIL  WEEK  TOWK  MNTH  TOMN  QUTR  SEMI  YEAR	DESCRIPTION  Daily Weekly EveryTwoWeeks Monthly EveryTwoMonths Quarterly SemiAnnual Annual			
			However, each ASPSP might restrict these values into a subset if needed.				
ins	tructedAmount	[01]	See generic structure AmountType				
eqi	uivalentAmount	[01]	currency of the debtor's account, and	en debtor and creditor, before deduction of charges, expressed in the to be moved in a different currency. equivalent amount into the amount to be moved.			
	amount	[11]	ISO20022: Amount of money to be mo expressed in the currency as ordered	oved between the debtor and creditor, before deduction of charges, by the initiating party.			
	currency	[11]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification schedescribed in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation currencies and funds".				
	currencyOfTransfer	[11]	described in the latest edition of the in currencies and funds".	aintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as ternational standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of			
exchangeRateInformation		[01]	ISO20022: Provides details on the currency exchange rate and contract.  The [unitCurrency] property specifies the currency in which the rate of exchange is expressed in a currency exchange. In the example 1GBP = xxxCUR, the unit currency is GBP.  The [estimatedPayerAmount] gives an estimation of the amount that will be debited on the payer's account, including transaction and change fees.  The [estimatedPayeeAmunt] gives an estimation of the amount that will be credited on the payee's account. API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.				





			FIELD	MULT.				DESC.
				[0.4]	Specifies t	he currency of the	amoun	t or of the account.
		unit	Currency	[01]	A code allo described	ocated to a curren	cy by a	Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of
	exchangeRate			[01]	The factor used for conversion of an amount from one currency to another. This reflects the price at which one currency was bought with another currency.			
					Specifies t	he type used to co	omplete	the currency exchange.
		roto	Type	[11]	CODE	NAME		DESCRIPTION
		rate	Туре		SPOT	Spot	Excha	nge rate applied is the spot rate.
					SALE	Sale	Excha	nge rate applied is the market rate at the time of the sale.
					AGRD	Agreed	Excha	nge rate applied is the rate agreed between the parties.
		con	tractIdentification	[01]		d unambiguous re tor and the debtor		to the foreign exchange contract agreed between the initiating
		esti	matedPayerAmount	[01]	See generi	c structure Amount	Туре	
		esti	matedPayeeAmount	[01]	See generi	c structure Amount	tType	
	ultii	mate[	<u> </u>	[01]		c structure Partylde		<u>on</u>
				[01]	3			
	inte		aryAgent		,			he debtor's agent and the creditor's agent.
		age		[01]	Ŭ	c structure Partylde		<del></del> '
		age	ntAccount	[01]	See generi	c structure <u>Accoun</u>	tidentific	ation
	beneficiary workspace		[11]	Specification of a beneficiary				
			[01]	Some ASPSP may provide different user workspaces that can be accessed by the same authenticated PSU. In this case, the AISP is able to retrieve the different pieces of account information by specifying the relevant workspace as a QUERY parameter. Identification of the workspace to be used when processing the request. If not present, the default workspace to be used is the one that is linked to the authentication processed during the OAuth2 access token request.				
			identification	[11]				used as an optional query parameter for some AISP queries
			label	[11]	textual des	scription of the wo	rkspace	as specified by the ASPSP in relationship wth the PSU
		id		[01]	ld of the beneficiary			
		cred	ditorAgent	[01]	See generi	c structure Financia	allnstitut	ionIdentification_
		cred	ditor	[11]	See generic structure Partyldentification			
		cred	ditorAccount	[01]	See generi	c structure Accoun	tldentific	<u>ation</u>
	ulti	mateC	Creditor	[01]	See generi	c structure Partylde	entification	<u>on</u>
			nForCreditorAgent	[01]	Further info		o the pro	ocessing of the payment instruction, provided by the initiating party, and
		{arr	ayltem}	[0*]	creditor's a	agent. The instruct	tion may	ocessing of the payment instruction that may need to be acted upon by the relate to a level of service, or may be an instruction that has to be may be information required by the creditor's agent.
					intended fo	or the creditor's ag		cessing of the payment instruction, provided by the initiating party, and
					CODE	NAME		DESCRIPTION
			and a	[01]	CHQB	PayCreditorByC	heque	(Ultimate) creditor must be paid by cheque.
			code		HOLD	HoldCashForCre	editor	Amount of money must be held for the (ultimate) creditor, who will call.  Pay on identification.
					PHOB	PhoneBeneficiar	у	Please advise/contact (ultimate) creditor/claimant by phone.
								Please advise/contact (ultimate) creditor/claimant by the most efficient
					TELB	Telecom		means of telecommunication.
				[01]				
			instructionInformation	1		ormation complen specific to a user		the coded instruction or instruction to the creditor's agent that is bilaterally nity.



		FIELD	MULT.			DESC.			
					ISO20022: Underlying reason for the payment transaction, as published in an external purpose code list.				
				API: The f	ollowing values are allowed for	r Payment Request			
				CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION			
	purpose			CODE	INAIVIE				
			[01]	ACCT	AccountManagement	Funds moved between 2 accounts of same account holder at the same bank)			
				CASH	CashManagementTransfer	(general cash management instruction) may be used for Transfer Initiation			
				COMC	CommercialPayment	Transaction is related to a payment of commercial credit or debit.			
				CPKC	CarparkCharges	General Carpark Charges Transaction is related to carpark charges.			
				SALA	SalaryPayment	Transaction is the payment of salaries.			
						Transport RoadPricing Transaction is for the payment to top-up pre-			
				TRPT	RoadPricing	paid card and electronic road pricing for the purpose of			
						transportation.			
	regu	latoryReportingCodes	[01]	List of nee	eded regulatory reporting codes	s for international payments			
		{arrayltem}	[110]		n needed due to regulatory and all codes to be used are provide	d statutory requirements. ed by the National Competent Authority			
						e the matching of an entry with the items that the transfer is intended			
				to settle, s API:	uch as commercial invoices in	an accounts' receivable system.			
			[01]	· · · · ·	Only one occurrence of the	unstructured information is allowed.			
	remi	ttanceInformation		•		e structured information is allowed.			
				•	Structured and unstructure				
			[01]						
		unstructured			red remittance information. ementation may add a pattern	in order to specify its own character set constraints.			
		{arrayltem}	[1*]	Relevant i	nformation to the transaction				
		structured	[01]	Structured	remittance information				
		{arrayltem}	[1*]	[1*] See generic structure <u>StructuredRemittanceInformation</u>					
	trans	sactionStatus	[01]	See gener	ic structure TransactionIndividua	lStatusCode			
	statu	sReasonInformation	[01]	See gener	ic structure StatusReasonInform	ation_			
					ISO20022: Additional information that cannot be captured in the structured elements and/or any other specific				
				block.  API: This structure is used to embed the relevant URLs for returning the status report to the PISP and to specify which authentication approaches are accepted by the PISP and which was chosen by the ASPSP The [acceptedAuthenticationApproach] property can only be set by the PISP.					
				<ul> <li>Authentication approaches that are supported by the PISP. The PISP can provide several choices separated by commas.</li> </ul>					
	supp	olementaryData	[01]	<ul> <li>Case of none of the accepted approaches is supported by the ASPSP, the latest will respond with HTTP400 (Bad request) and specify wich approaches are actually supported.</li> <li>The [appliedAuthentication] will be set by the ASPSP.</li> </ul>					
				<ul> <li>The ASPSP, based on the authentication approaches proposed by the PISP, choose the one that it can processed, in respect with the preferences and constraints of the PSU and indicates in</li> </ul>					
					this field which approach w				
				<ul> <li>It may happen that the ASPSP considers that, in case of payment cancellation request, there is no need for authentication and will then return "NONE".</li> </ul>					
		acceptedAuthenticationApproach	[01]	List of auti	nentication approaches				
		{arrayItem}	[0*]	REDIREC DECOUPL authentica		TPP to the ASPSP which processes identification and authentication U and forwards the identification to the ASPSP which processes the ce			
		appliedAuthenticationApproach	[01]	Authentica REDIREC DECOUPL authentica	ation approaches that can be a T: the PSU is redirected by the	pplied. TPP to the ASPSP which processes identification and authentication U and forwards the identification to the ASPSP which processes the Description			
		appliedAuthentication	[01]	Can only b	be set by the ASPSP.	PISP about the way authentication was processed during the			
		scaHint	[01]		e set by the PISP by the merchant and/or the PI	SP about an SCA exemption context			
		successfulReportUrl	[01]		used by the ASPSP in order to REDIRECT and DECOUPLED	o notify the PISP of the finalisation of the authentication and consent D approach			





	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
	unsuccessfulReportUrl	[01]	URL to be used by the ASPSP in order to notify the PISP of the failure of the authentication and consent process in REDIRECT and DECOUPLED approach If this URL is not provided by the PISP, the ASPSP will use the "successfulReportUrl" even in case of failure of the Payment Request processing
nextStatusRequestHint [01]		[01]	Date and time at which the PISP is suggested to ask again for the status of the payment request.
			The LOGIN_HINT_TOKEN is a piece of data that may be provided to the API client by the API server, once a PSU has been identified and authenticated.
	loginHintTokon	[01]	<ul> <li>through a response to a token introspection request (RFC7662)</li> </ul>
	loginHintToken		• through a status response to a Payment Request This LOGIN_HINT_TOKEN can then be sent back by the API client to the API server through the posting of a new Payment request. This will help the API server to identify the relevant PSU and ease the authentication process.
investigationStatus [01]		[01]	Boolean indicator aiming to clarify that the relevant transaction is under dispute investigation.

# 4.1.5. FinancialInstitutionIdentification

	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.				
Fina	ancialInstitutionIdentificat	ion		ique and unambigu proprietary identific	ous identification of a financial institution, as assigned under an internationally ation scheme.		
	bicFi				nancial institution by the ISO 9362 Registration Authority as described in ISO 9362 ation messages - Business identification code (BIC)".		
	clearingSystemMemberl	d [01]	ISO20022: Information used to identify a member within a clearing system.  API: to be used for some specific international credit transfers in order to identify the beneficiary bank				
	clearingSystemId	[11]	ISO20022: Specification of a pre-agreed offering between clearing agents or the channel through which the payment instruction is processed.				
	memberld	[11]	ISO20022: Ide	entification of a men	nber of a clearing system.		
	lei	[01]	Legal Entity Id		ocated to a party as described in ISO 17442 "Financial Services - Legal Entity		
	name	[01]	Name of the fi	nancial institution			
	postalAddress	[01]	ISO20022: Inf	ormation that locate	s and identifies a specific address, as defined by postal services.		
					the postal address.  lyments. Proprietary codes can be specified and documented if needed.		
			CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION		
	addressTvpe	[01]	BIZZ	Business	Address is the business address		
	addressType		DLVY	Delivery	Address is the address to which delivery is to take place		
			MLTO	Mail To	Address is the address to which mail is sent		
			PBOX	PO Box	Address is is a postal office (PO) box		
			ADDR	Postal	Address is the complete postal address		
			HOME	Home	Address is the home address		
	department	[01]		entification of a divise used for SEPA pa	ion of a large organisation or building. lyments.		
	subDepartment	[01]		entification of a sub- e used for SEPA pa	division of a large organisation or building. yments.		
	streetName	[01]		me of a street or the e used for SEPA pa			
	buildingNumber	[01]		mber that identifies e used for SEPA pa	the position of a building on a street. yments.		
	buildingName	[01]		me of the building on the used for SEPA page			
	postCode [0		sorting of mail		a group of letters and/or numbers that is added to a postal address to assist the syments.		
	townName	[01]	ISO20022: Na		a, with defined boundaries, and a local government.		





	FIELD		MULT.	DESC.
countrySubDivision [01]		[01]	ISO20022: Identifies a subdivision of a country such as state, region, county. API: Cannot be used for SEPA payments.	
	country [11]		[11]	ISO20022: Country in which a person resides (the place of a person's home). In the case of a company, it is the country from which the affairs of that company are directed.
addressLine		[01]	Unstructured address. The lines must embed zip code and town name. For SEPA payments, only two address lines are allowed.	
	{ar	rayltem}	[17]	Address line



# 4.1.6. GenericIdentification

	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.						
Ge	nericldentification		ISO20022: Unique identification of an account, a person or an organisation, as assigned by an issuer.  API: The ASPSP will document which account reference type it will support.						
	identification	[11]	API: Identi		THE WHICH ACCOUNT TELETERICE	type it will support.			
			Name of the identification scheme.  Possible values for the scheme name, partially based on ISO20022 external code list, are the following:						
			CODE		NAME	DESCRIPTION			
			BANK	BankPartyldentific	cation	Unique and unambiguous assignment made by a specific bank or similar financial institution to identify a relationship as defined between the bank and its client.			
			BBAN	BBANIdentifier		Basic Bank Account Number (BBAN) - identifier used nationally by financial institutions, ie, in individual countries, generally as part of a National Account Numbering Scheme(s), to uniquely identify the account of a customer.			
			COID	authority given org	ionCode) : Country ganisation identification gistration number)				
		[11]	SREN	SIREN		The SIREN number is a 9 digit code assigned by INSEE, the French National Institute for Statistics and Economic Studies, to identify an organisation in France.			
	schemeName		1] SRET	SIRET		The SIRET number is a 14 digit code assigned by INSEE, the French National Institute for Statistics and Economic Studies, to identify an organisation unit in France. It consists of the SIREN number, followed by a five digit classification number, to identify the local geographical unit of that entity.			
			NIDN	NationalIdentityNu	umber	Number assigned by an authority to identify the national identity number of a person.			
			Other valu	es are also permitto	ed, for instance:				
			CODE	NAME		DESCRIPTION			
			OAUT	OAUTH2	OAUTH2 access token the identify the PSU	at is owned by the PISP being also an AISP and that can be used in order to			
			CPAN	CardPan	Card PAN				
			MPAN	MaskedPan		gits were replaced for security reason			
			TPAN	TokenizedPan	Token which was provided The TSP must be identifie	d by a Token Service Provider (TSP) in order to obfuscate a real card PAN. d in the issuer field			
			TBAN	TokenizedIBAN	Token which was provided TSP must be identified in	d by a Token Service Provider (TSP) in order to obfuscate an IBAN. The the issuer field			
Each implementation of the STET PSD2 API must specify in					fy in its own documentation which schemes can actually been used				
	issuer	[51]		Entity that assigns by both parties	the identification. this coul	d a country code or any organisation name or identifier that can be			



# 4.1.7. GenericLink

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
GenericLink		hypertext reference
href	[11]	URI to be used. HREF stands for Hypertext REFerence.
templated	[01]	This field must be set with "true" when [href] is an URI template, i.e. with parameters that will be set by the client afterwards. Parameter fields must be included by the API server according to RFC6570.  Otherwise, this property must be absent or set to false default value: false

# 4.1.8. Partyldentification

	FIELD	MULT.			DESC.			
Party	Identification		API : Description	n of a Party which ca	an be either a person or an organization.			
1	name	[11]	ISO20022: Name by which a party is known and which is usually used to identify that party.  The [organisationId] property allows the specification of an unique and unambiguous way to identify an organisation.  The [privateId] property allows the specification of an unique and unambiguous way to identify a person.					
(	dateAndPlaceOfBirth [		Date and place of birth of a person. This information must be requested for detection of Fraud, Money-Laundering and Terrorism Financing in case of international payment.					
	birthDate	[11]	Date on which a	Date on which a person is born.				
	cityOfBirth	[11]	City where a pe	rson was born.				
	countryOfBirth	[11]	Country where a	a person was born.				
ı	postalAddress	[01]	ISO20022: Infor	mation that locates	and identifies a specific address, as defined by postal services.			
				tifies the nature of the used for SEPA payr	e postal address. nents. Proprietary codes can be specified and documented if needed.			
			CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION			
		[01]	BIZZ	Business	Address is the business address			
	addressType		DLVY	Delivery	Address is the address to which delivery is to take place			
			MLTO	Mail To	Address is the address to which mail is sent			
			PBOX	PO Box	Address is a postal office (PO) box			
			ADDR	Postal	Address is the complete postal address			
			HOME	Home	Address is the home address			
	department	[01]	ISO20022: Identification of a division of a large organisation or building. API: Cannot be used for SEPA payments.					
	subDepartment	[01]		tification of a sub-div used for SEPA payr	vision of a large organisation or building. nents.			
	streetName	[01]		ne of a street or thoroused for SEPA payr				
	buildingNumber	[01]		nber that identifies th used for SEPA payr	e position of a building on a street. nents.			
	buildingName	[01]	ISO20022: Name of the building or house. API: Cannot be used for SEPA payments.					
	postCode [01]		ISO20022: Identifier consisting of a group of letters and/or numbers that is added to a postal address to assist the sorting of mail.  API: Cannot be used for SEPA payments.					
	townName	[01]	ISO20022: Name of a built-up area, with defined boundaries, and a local government.  API: Cannot be used for SEPA payments.					
	countrySubDivision	[01]	ISO20022: Identifies a subdivision of a country such as state, region, county. API: Cannot be used for SEPA payments.					
	country	[11]		ntry in which a perso affairs of that compa	on resides (the place of a person's home). In the case of a company, it is the country ny are directed.			
	addressLine	[01]			st embed zip code and town name. ss lines are allowed.			





FIELD		MULT.	DESC.
	{arrayltem}	[17]	Address line
contactDetails [01]		[01]	Indicates how to contact the party.
	phoneNumber	[01]	The collection of information which identifies a specific phone or FAX number as defined by telecom services.  It consists of a "+" followed by the country code (from 1 to 3 characters) then a "-" and finally, any combination of numbers, "(", ")", "+" and "-" (up to 30 characters).
	faxNumber	[01]	The collection of information which identifies a specific phone or FAX number as defined by telecom services.  It consists of a "+" followed by the country code (from 1 to 3 characters) then a "-" and finally, any combination of numbers, "(", ")", "+" and "-" (up to 30 characters).
emailAddress [01]		[01]	email address of the contact
org	ganisationId	[01]	See generic structure GenericIdentification
pri	vateld	[01]	See generic structure GenericIdentification
lei		[01]	Legal Entity Identifier is a code allocated to a party as described in ISO 17442 "Financial Services - Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)".



# 4.1.9. PaymentInformationStatusCode

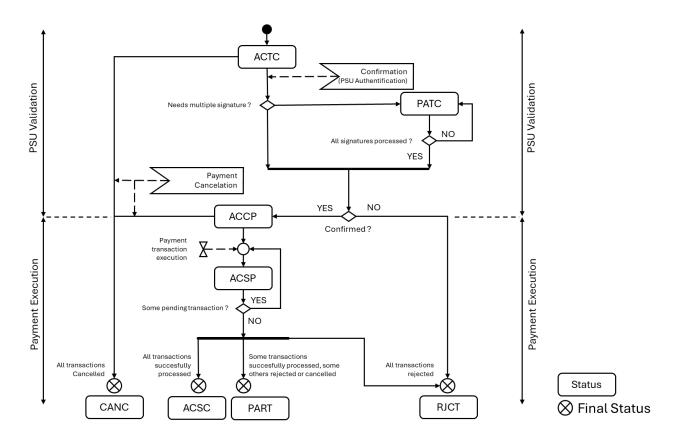
# 4.1.9.1. Status Code Description

CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION	STATUS	NEXT STATUS AVAILABLE	AVAILABILITY OF FUND
ACCO	AcceptedCustomerCOnfirmed	The customer, during his/her authentication, has confirmed the payment request.	pending	PATC,ACCP,RJCT	No
ACCP	AcceptedCustomerProfile	Preceding check of technical validation was successful. Customer profile check was also successful.	pending	ACCP, RJCT, CANC	No
ACSC	AcceptedSettlementCompleted	Settlement on the debtor's account was completed. In the case of SCTInst, this status must not been set by the debtor's Bank before the reception of the positive confirmation.	Final	None	Yes
ACSP	AcceptedSettlementInProcess	All preceding checks such as technical validation and customer profile were successful. Dynamic risk assessment is now also successful and therefore the Payment Request was accepted for execution.	pending	If all tx processed ACSC,PART or RJCT	No
ACTC	AcceptedTechnicalValidation	Authentication and syntactical and semantical validation are successful.	pending	CANC, PATC, ACCP, RJCT	No
ACWC	AcceptedWithChange	Instruction is accepted but a change will be made, such as date or remittance not sent.	pending	CANC, PATC, ACCP, RJCT	No
ACWP	AcceptedWithoutPosting	Payment instruction included in the credit transfer is accepted without being posted to the creditor customer's account.	pending	CANC, PATC, ACCP, RJCT	No
CANC	Cancelled	Payment initiation was successfully cancelled after having received a request for cancellation.	Final	None	No
PART	PartiallyAccepted	A number of transactions were accepted, whereas another number of transactions have not yet achieved 'accepted' status.	Final	None	Limited to accepted transaction
PATC	PartiallyAcceptedTechnicalCorrect	Payment initiation needs multiple authentications, where some but not yet all were performed.  Syntactical and semantical validations are successful.	pending	ACCP, RJCT	No
RCVD	Received	Payment initiation was received by the receiving agent.	pending	RJCT, ACTC	No
PDNG	Pending	Payment request or individual transaction included in the Payment Request is pending. Further checks and status update will be performed.	pending	ACSP	No
RJCT	Rejected	Payment request was rejected.	Final	None	No





#### 4.1.9.2. Status Code workflow



# 4.1.10. Payment Request Resource

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
PaymentRequestResource		ISO20022: The PaymentRequestResource message is sent by the Creditor sending party to the Debtor receiving party, directly or through agents. It is used by a Creditor to request movement of funds from the debtor account to a creditor.  API: Information about the creditor (Id, account and agent) must be placed at instruction level. Thus multibeneficiary payments can be handled.  The requested execution date must be placed at payment level even when all instructions are requested to be executed at the same date.  The latest case includes:  multiple instructions having different requested execution dates  standing orders settings
resourceld	[01]	API: Identifier assigned by the ASPSP for further use of the created resource through API calls.  The API client cannot set or modify the value of this field.  Since this value can be exchanged between the server and the client as an URL element or for support information, it must not contain sensitive value such as personal or business data.  However it is the duty of each ASPSP to perform its own risk analysis on this topic.
paymentInformationId	[11]	ISO20022: Reference assigned by a sending party to unambiguously identify the payment information block within the message.  API: This field is a clue for idempotency check by the ASPSP in order to avoid duplicate SCA or payment execution. However the ASPSP may use other mechanisms.
batchBooking	[01]	Identifies whether a single entry per individual transaction or a batch entry for the sum of the amounts of all transactions within the group of a message is requested.  Meaning When True: Identifies that a batch entry for the sum of the amounts of all transactions in the batch or message is requested.  Meaning When False: Identifies that a single entry for each of the transactions in the batch or message is requested.  Default value: each ASPSP must be able to specify its own default value.
creationDateTime	[11]	ISO20022: Date and time at which a (group of) payment instruction(s) was created by the instructing party.
numberOfTransactions	[11]	ISO20022: Number of individual transactions contained in the message.  API: Each ASPSP will specify a maximum value for this field taking into accounts its specificities about payment request handling
initiatingParty	[11]	See generic structure Partyldentification





	FIELD	MULT.			DESC.			
	11220	WOLT.	indicator t	hat the debtor account can be	be changed in the payment request by the ASPSP if needed			
		[01]	indicator t					
acceptDebtorAccountChange					be changed (default value)			
			•	false: debtor account ca	nnot be changed			
		f0_41	indicator ti	indicator that the charge handling can be changed in the payment request by the ASPSP if needed				
acce	ptChargeHandlingChange	[01]	•		n be changed (default value)			
			•	false: charge handling c	annot be changed			
					EPA Credit Transfer method can be downgraded by the ASPSP into a nen Instant SCT cannot apply or is refused by the PSU.			
			Eventually	, it is up to the ASPSP to do	owngrade or reject the payment. In case of a downgrade, the ASPSP			
		[01]	will have to PISP infor		ocalInstrument] and remove the "INST" value in order to keep the			
acce	ptInstantPaymentDowngrade		•	true: payment method ca	an he downgraded			
					cannot be downgraded (default value)			
				laise. payment method t	amot be downgraded (default value)			
		[11]						
paym	nentTypeInformation	[11]	ISO20022	: Set of elements used to fu	rther specify the type of transaction.			
	ı	[0, 4]						
	instructionPriority	[01]		<ul> <li>Indicator of the urgency or oply to the processing of the</li> </ul>	order of importance that the instructing party would like the instructed instruction.			
			API: This	field is useless for SCTInst a	and thus should be ignored.			
	serviceLevel	[01]			rules under which the transaction should be processed. Specifies a between the parties, as published in an external service level code			
	SELVICETEARI		list.					
				"SEPA" (SEPA Credit Trans : User community specific in				
		[01]	Usage: Th	is element is used to specif	y a local instrument, local clearing option and/or further qualify the			
	localInstrument			service level.  I'value is to be used in order	er to ask for an SEPA instant Payment (SCTInst).			
			For Interna	ational payments, this field r	nay be valued with one of the ISO20022 external code to specify with			
				nstrument should be used b : Specifies the high level pu	y the creditor's bank.  rpose of the instruction based on a set of pre-defined categories. This			
			is used by	the initiating party to provid	e information concerning the processing of the payment. It is likely to			
				trigger special processing by any of the agents involved in the payment chain.  API: The following values are allowed:				
				•				
			CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION			
			CODE	NAME  CashManagementTransfe				
			CASH	CashManagementTransfe	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.			
	categoryPurpose	[01]			Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign			
	categoryPurpose	[01]	CASH	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.			
	categoryPurpose	[01]	CASH	CashManagementTransfe	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign			
	categoryPurpose	[01]	CASH CORT DVPM	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming			
	categoryPurpose	[01]	CASH	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.			
	categoryPurpose	[01]	CASH CORT DVPM	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between			
	categoryPurpose	[01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.			
	categoryPurpose	[01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.			
debto		[01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract			
		[01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment TreasuryPayment	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or .	[01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment TreasuryPayment ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure AccountIdentificat	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount	[01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener See gener	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment TreasuryPayment ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure AccountIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitution	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount	[01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener See gener ISO20022 payment trees	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitutio : Specifies which party/partiransaction.	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount	[01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener See gener ISO20022 payment trees	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure AccountIdentificat ic structure FinancialInstitutio : Specifies which party/parti	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount	[01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitutio : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount	[01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure AccountIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitutio : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:  NAME	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount	[01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure AccountIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitution : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:  NAME  BorneByDebtor	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount	[01] [01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment TreasuryPayment ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PinancialInstitutio : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:  NAME BorneByDebtor BorneByCreditor	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount	[01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment TreasuryPayment ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PinancialInstitutio : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:  NAME BorneByDebtor BorneByCreditor	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount orAgent	[01] [01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PinancialInstitution : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:  NAME  BorneByDebtor  BorneByCreditor	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Ion  DESCRIPTION  All transaction charges are to be borne by the debtor.  All transaction charges are to be borne by the creditor.  In a credit transfer context, means that transaction charges on the sender side are to be borne by the debtor, transaction charges on the			
debto	or orAccount orAgent	[01] [01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PinancialInstitution : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:  NAME  BorneByDebtor  BorneByCreditor	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Ion  DESCRIPTION  All transaction charges are to be borne by the debtor.  All transaction charges are to be borne by the creditor.  In a credit transfer context, means that transaction charges on the sender side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context,			
debto	or orAccount orAgent	[01] [01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT CRED	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitutio : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:  NAME  BorneByDebtor  BorneByCreditor	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount orAgent	[01] [01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT CRED	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment TreasuryPayment ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitution Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:  NAME BorneByDebtor BorneByCreditor	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.			
debto	or orAccount orAgent	[01] [01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT CRED	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment TreasuryPayment ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitutio : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ring values are allowed:  NAME BorneByDebtor BorneByCreditor  Shared	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is the payment of salaries.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  DESCRIPTION  All transaction charges are to be borne by the debtor.  All transaction charges are to be borne by the creditor.  In a credit transfer context, means that transaction charges on the sender side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor, transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the debtor.			
debto	or orAccount orAgent	[01] [01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT CRED	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitution : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ring values are allowed:  NAME  BorneByDebtor  BorneByCreditor  Shared  FollowingServiceLevel	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  DESCRIPTION  All transaction charges are to be borne by the debtor.  All transaction charges are to be borne by the creditor.  In a credit transfer context, means that transaction charges on the sender side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor, transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor, transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the debtor.  Charges are to be applied following the rules agreed in the service level			
debto	or orAccount orAgent geBearer	[01] [01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT CRED SHAR	CashManagementTransfe TradeSettlementPayment DeliverAgainstPayment IntraCompanyPayment SalaryPayment TreasuryPayment ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitution : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ing values are allowed:  NAME BorneByDebtor BorneByCreditor  Shared  FollowingServiceLevel	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  DESCRIPTION  All transaction charges are to be borne by the debtor.  All transaction charges are to be borne by the creditor.  In a credit transfer context, means that transaction charges on the sender side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor, transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor, transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the debtor.  Charges are to be applied following the rules agreed in the service level and/or scheme.			
debte	or orAccount orAgent	[01] [01] [01]	CASH CORT DVPM INTC SALA TREA See gener See gener ISO20022 payment t The follow CODE DEBT CRED SHAR SLEV See gener	CashManagementTransfe  TradeSettlementPayment  DeliverAgainstPayment  IntraCompanyPayment  SalaryPayment  TreasuryPayment  ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure PartyIdentification ic structure FinancialInstitution : Specifies which party/partiransaction. ring values are allowed:  NAME  BorneByDebtor  BorneByCreditor  Shared  FollowingServiceLevel	Transaction is a general cash management instruction.  Transaction is related to settlement of a trade, e.g. a foreign exchange deal or a securities transaction.  Code used to pre-advise the account servicer of a forthcoming deliver against payment instruction.  Transaction is an intra-company payment, i.e. a payment between two companies belonging to the same group.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  Transaction is related to treasury operations. E.g. financial contract settlement.  DESCRIPTION  All transaction charges are to be borne by the debtor.  All transaction charges are to be borne by the creditor.  In a credit transfer context, means that transaction charges on the sender side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor. In a direct debit context, the creditor, transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor, transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor, transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor, transaction charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the debtor.  Charges are to be applied following the rules agreed in the service level and/or scheme.  onStatusCode			





FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
		Indicator that the payment can be covered or not by the funds available on the relevant account
	[01]	true: payment is covered
fundsAvailability		false: payment is not covered
		This indicator must be provided by the ASPSP when the Booking Information is present and set to "False".  This indicator will not be provided if the Booking Information is absent or set to "True".
		Indicator that the payment can be immediately booked or not
		true: payment is booked
		false: payment is not booked
		Booking a transaction means that the funds required by this transaction are immediatly reserved and that a subsequent transaction will not interfere with the proper execution of the payment.
booking	[01]	However, usual fraud detection mechanisms might still be triggered and result as a rejection of the payment.
		This indicator must be provided when the relevant Credit Transfer will be executed as soon as possible but not as an instant payment.
		This indicator is irrelevant and will not be provided for delayed payments.  This indicator is only relevant for the first occurrence of a standing order when this occurrence is not
		delayed and will be executed as soon as possible.
		Case the Information System cannot handle this immediate booking, the ASPSP will have to provide the funds availability information.
creditTransferTransaction	[11]	ISO20022: Payment processes required to transfer cash from the debtor to the creditor.
Cleuitifalisiei fransaction		API: Each ASPSP will specify a maxItems value for this field taking into accounts its specificities about payment request handling
{arrayItem}	[1*]	See generic structure CreditTransferTransactionResource
		ISO20022: Additional information that cannot be captured in the structured elements and/or any other specific block.
		API: This structure is used to embed the relevant URLs for returning the status report to the PISP and to
		specify which authentication approaches are accepted by the PISP and which was chosen by the ASPSP The [acceptedAuthenticationApproach] property can only be set by the PISP.
		Authentication approaches that are supported by the PISP. The PISP can provide several
		choices separated by commas.
supplementaryData	[11]	<ul> <li>Case of none of the accepted approaches is supported by the ASPSP, the latest will respond with HTTP400 (Bad request) and specify wich approaches are actually supported.</li> </ul>
		The [appliedAuthentication] will be set by the ASPSP.
		The ASPSP, based on the authentication approaches proposed by the PISP, choose the one
		that it can processed, in respect with the preferences and constraints of the PSU and indicates in this field which approach was chosen.
		It may happen that the ASPSP considers that, in case of payment cancellation request, there
		is no need for authentication and will then return "NONE".
	f0 41	
acceptedAuthenticationApproach	[01]	List of authentication approaches
		Authentication approaches that can be applied.
	[0*]	REDIRECT: the PSU is redirected by the TPP to the ASPSP which processes identification and
{arrayltem}		authentication DECOUPLED: the TPP identifies the PSU and forwards the identification to the ASPSP which processes
		the authentication through a decoupled device  NONE: there is no need for the PSU to authenticate
		Authentication approaches that can be applied.
appliedAuthenticationApproach	[01]	REDIRECT: the PSU is redirected by the TPP to the ASPSP which processes identification and authentication
		DECOUPLED: the TPP identifies the PSU and forwards the identification to the ASPSP which processes the authentication through a decoupled device
	[01]	NONE: there is no need for the PSU to authenticate
appliedAuthentication	[01]	Can only be set by the ASPSP.  This field allows the ASPSP to inform the PISP about the way authentication was processed during the
	[01]	payment request confirmation.
scaHint	[01]	can only be set by the PISP Hint given by the merchant and/or the PISP about an SCA exemption context
	[01]	
successfulReportUrl	,	URL to be used by the ASPSP in order to notify the PISP of the finalisation of the authentication and consent process in REDIRECT and DECOUPLED approach
	[01]	URL to be used by the ASPSP in order to notify the PISP of the failure of the authentication and consent
unsuccessfulReportUrl	[01]	process in REDIRECT and DECOUPLED approach If this URL is not provided by the PISP, the ASPSP will use the "successfulReportUrl" even in case of failure
	[0.4]	of the Payment Request processing
nextStatusRequestHint	[01]	Date and time at which the PISP is suggested to ask again for the status of the payment request.
		The LOGIN_HINT_TOKEN is a piece of data that may be provided to the API client by the API server, once a PSU has been identified and authenticated.
	[01]	<ul> <li>through a response to a token introspection request (RFC7662)</li> </ul>
loginHintToken		through a status response to a Payment Request
		This LOGIN_HINT_TOKEN can then be sent back by the API client to the API server through the posting of a new Payment request.
		This will help the API server to identify the relevant PSU and ease the authentication process.



# 4.1.11.StatusReasonInformation

FIELD MULT.		DESC.	
		: Provides detailed information on the status reason. only be used in case the status is equal to "RJCT" or "CANC". Only the	following values are allowed:
	0005	N. 1945	PEROPRETION
	CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION the account number is either invalid or
	AC01	IncorectAccountNumber	does not exist
	AC04	ClosedAccountNumber	the account is closed and cannot be used
	AC06	BlockedAccount	the account is blocked and cannot be used
	AG01	TransactionForbidden	Transaction forbidden on this type of account
	AG03	TransactionNotSupported	Transaction type not supported/authorized on this account
	AM02	NotAllowedAccount	SPecific transaction/message amount is greater than allowed maximum
	AM04	InsufficientFunds	Amount of funds available to cover specified message amount is insufficient
	AM18	InvalidNumberOfTransactions	the number of transactions exceeds the ASPSP acceptance limit
	CH03	RequestedExecutionDateOrRequestedCollectionDateTooFarInFuture	The requested execution date is too far in the future
	CH04	RequestedExecutionDateOrRequestedCollectionDateTooFarInPast	Value in Requested Execution Date or Requested Collection Date is too far in the past
	CNOR	CreditorBankIsNotRegistered	Creditor bank is not registered under this BIC in the CSM
StatusReasonInformation	CUST	RequestedByCustomer	The reject is due to the debtor: refusal or lack of liquidity
	DS02	OrderCancelled	An authorized user has cancelled the order
	DUPL	DuplicatePayment	Payment is a duplicate of another payment. Can only be set by a PISP for a payment request cancellation.
	FF01	InvalidFileFormat	The reject is due to the original Payment Request which is invalid (syntax, structure or values)
	FRAD	FraudulentOriginated	the Payment Request is considered as fraudulent
	MS03	NotSpecifiedReasonAgentGenerated	No reason specified by the ASPSP
	NOAS	NoAnswerFromCustomer	The PSU has neither accepted nor rejected the Payment Request and a time- out has occurred
	RR01	MissingDebtorAccountOrIdentification	The Debtor account and/or Identification are missing or inconsistent
	RR03	MissingCreditorNameOrAddress	Specification of the creditor's name and/or address needed for regulatory requirements is insufficient or missing.
	RR04	RegulatoryReason	Reject from regulatory reason
	RR12	InvalidPartyID	Invalid or missing identification required within a particular country or payment type.
	TECH	TechnicalProblem	Technical problems resulting in an erroneous transaction. Can only be set by a PISP for a payment request cancellation.



# 4.1.12. Structured Remittance Information

						FIELD		MULT.		DESC.						
St	ructu	redR	Remi	ttanc	elnfo	ormatic	on			natching/reconciliation of an entry with the items that the as commercial invoices in an accounts' receivable system,						
	refe	erred	IDoci	umer	ntInfo	mation		[01]	Provides the identification and the c	ontent of the referred documents.						
		{ar	raylte	em}				[1*]	Provides the identification and the c	ontent of the referred document.						
			typ	е				[01]	Specifies a code and the issuer of the	nis code.						
				со	de			[11]	Provides the code.	Provides the code.						
				iss	suer			[01]	Identification of the issuer of the coc	le.						
			nu	mbei	r			[01]	Unique and unambiguous identificat	ion of the referred document.						
			relatedDate					[01]	Date associated with the referred do	ocument.						
			line	eDeta	ails			[01]	Sets of elements used to provide the	e content of the referred document line.						
				{arrayltem}				[1*]	Set of elements used to provide the	content of the referred document line.						
					identification			[01]	Provides identification of the docum the [type] property must be used for	ent line. specifying the type of referred document type.						
						type		[01]	Specifies a code and the issuer of the	nis code.						
							code	[11]	Provides the code.							
							issuer	[01]	Identification of the issuer of the coc	le.						
						numl	ber	[01]	Unique and unambiguous identificat	ion of the referred document line.						
						relate	edDate	[01]	Date associated with the referred document line.							
					de	scriptio	n	[01]	Description associated with the doc	ument line.						
									ISO20022: Provides details on the a API: Amounts must always be set a							
									PROPERTY	DESCRIPTION						
									duePayableAmount	Amount specified is the exact amount due and payable to the creditor.						
					am	nount		[01]	discountAppliedAmount	Amount of discount to be applied to the amount due and payable to the creditor.						
									creditNoteAmount	Amount of a credit note.						
									taxAmount	Amount of the tax.						
									adjustmentAmountAndReason	Specifies detailed information on the amount and reason of the adjustment.						
									remittedAmount	Amount of money remitted.						
						dueF	PayableAmount	[01]	See generic structure AmountType							
						disco	ountAppliedAmount	[01]	ISO20022: Typed Amount API: Amounts must always be set a	s positive values.						
							type	[01]	Type of the amount							
							amount	[11]	See generic structure AmountType							
						credi	tNoteAmount	[01]	See generic structure AmountType							
						taxAı	mount	[01]	ISO20022: Typed Amount API: Amounts must always be set a	ISO20022: Typed Amount API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.						





					FIELD		MULT.	DESC.						
					-1220		[01]	32001						
						type	[01]	Type of the amount						
						amount	[11]	See generic structure AmountType						
					adjus	stmentAmountAndReason	[01]	ISO20022: Specifies detailed info API: Amounts must always be se	ormation on the amount and reason of the adjustment. t as positive values.					
						amount	[11]	See generic structure AmountType						
								Accounting flow of the amount						
							[01]							
						creditDebitIndicator	[0]	CODE	DESCRIPTION					
									Credit type amount					
							fo. 43	DBIT	Debit type amount					
						reason	[01]	Specifies the reason for the adju-	stment.					
						additionalInformation	[01]	Provides further details on the document adjustment.						
					remit	tedAmount	[01]	See generic structure AmountType						
								ISO20022: Provides details on th						
								API: Amounts must always be se	t as positive values.					
								PROPERTY	DESCRIPTION					
									Amount specified is the exact amount due and payable to					
								duePayableAmount	the creditor.					
refe	errec	IDocı	ımen	ıtAmo	ount		[01]	discountAppliedAmount	Amount of discount to be applied to the amount due and					
								uiscountAppliedAmount	payable to the creditor.					
								creditNoteAmount	Amount of a credit note.					
								taxAmount	Amount of the tax.					
								adjustmentAmountAndReaso	Specifies detailed information on the amount and reason					
								remittedAmount	of the adjustment.  Amount of money remitted.					
	du	ePav	ahle	Amou	ınt		[01]	See generic structure AmountType	· ·					
	uu	or ay	abioi	unoc			[01]							
	dis	coun	tApp	liedA	mount			ISO20022: Typed Amount API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.						
		typ	e				[01]	Type of the amount	Type of the amount					
		am	ount				[11]	See generic structure AmountType						
	cre	editNo	oteAr	noun	t		[01]	See generic structure AmountType						
	tax	Amo	unt				[01]	ISO20022: Typed Amount API: Amounts must always be se	t as positive values.					
		typ	e				[01]	Type of the amount						
		an	ount				[11]	See generic structure AmountType						
	ad	justm	entA	mour	ntAndR	eason	[01]		ormation on the amount and reason of the adjustment.					
		am	ount				[11]	See generic structure AmountType	<u> </u>					
							- 1	Accounting flow of the amount						
							[O 1]							
		cre	ditDe	ebitln	dicator		[01]	CODE	DESCRIPTION					
									Credit type amount					
							[01]	DBIT	Debit type amount					
		reason						Specifies the reason for the adjust	stment.					
		additionalInformation					[01]	Provides further details on the document adjustment.						
	remittedAmount						[01]	See generic structure AmountType						
cre					mation		[01]	-	by the creditor to allow the identification of the underlying					
	typ	e e					[01]							
	,,,							Specifies a code and the issuer of	, uno 0000.					





rdance with the law, ey on which the tax ult of the calculation applies. x paying party.
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applies. x paying party.
entify a party.
applies. x paying party.
entify a party.





			FIELD	MULT.		DESC.				
			- Nii	[01]						
	refe	erenc	ceNumber		Tax referen	ce information that is specific to a taxing agency.				
	me	thod		[01]	Math	d to indicate the underlying business as here the training				
						d to indicate the underlying business or how the tax is paid.				
			ableBaseAmount	[01]	See generic structure AmountType					
	iota	ai i ax	Amount	[01]	See generic structure AmountType					
	dat	е		[01]	Date by whi	ich tax is due.				
	-		oo Number	[01]	O					
	sec	<sub>f</sub> ueri	ceNumber		Sequential i	Sequential number of the tax report.				
	rec	ord		[01]	Records of	Records of tax details				
					Record of ta	av detaile				
		(ar	rayltem}	[1*]	the [period]	property embbeds the set of elements used to provide details on the period of time				
		lai			the [amount	the tax payment.  I property embbeds the set of elements used to provide information on the amount				
				[01]	of the tax record.					
			type		High level c	High level code to identify the type of tax details.				
			category	[01]	Specifies th	e tay code as published by the tay authority				
				FC 12	Specifies the tax code as published by the tax authority.					
			categoryDetails	[01]	Provides further details of the category tax code.					
				[01]						
			debtorStatus	[]	Code provided by local authority to identify the status of the party that has drawn up the settlement document.					
			cortificatoldontification	[01]						
			certificateIdentification		Identification	n number of the tax report as assigned by the taxing authority.				
			formsCode	[01]	Identifies in	a coded form, on which template the tax report is to be provided.				
				[01]						
			period	[01]	Set of elements used to provide details on the period of time related to the tax payment.  The [type] property aims to identify the period related to the tax payment.					
				[01]	Year related to the tax payment.					
			year							
					Identification	n of the period related to the tax payment.				
					CODE	DESCRIPTION				
					MM01	FirstMonth Tax is related to the second month of the period.				
					MM02	SecondMonth Tax is related to the first month of the period.				
					MM03	ThirdMonth Tax is related to the third month of the period.				
					MM04	FourthMonth Tax is related to the fourth month of the period.				
					MM05	FifthMonth Tax is related to the fifth month of the period.				
					MM06	SixthMonth Tax is related to the sixth month of the period.				
					MM07	SeventhMonth Tax is related to the seventh month of the period.				
			type	[01]	MM08	EighthMonth Tax is related to the eighth month of the period.				
					MM09	NinthMonth Tax is related to the ninth month of the period.				
					MM10	TenthMonth Tax is related to the tenth month of the period.				
					MM11	EleventhMonth Tax is related to the eleventh month of the period.				
					MM12	TwelfthMonth Tax is related to the twelfth month of the period.				
					QTR1	FirstQuarter Tax is related to the first quarter of the period.				
					QTR2	SecondQuarter Tax is related to the second quarter of the period.				
					QTR3	ThirdQuarter Tax is related to the third quarter of the period.				
					QTR4	FourthQuarter Tax is related to the fourth quarter of the period.				
					HLF1	FirstHalf Tax is related to the first half of the period.				
					HLF2	SecondHalf Tax is related to the second half of the period.				
			. 5	[01]						
			fromDate		Start date o	f the range.				
			toDate	[01]	End det :	the reaso				
			lobdio		End date of	the range.				



				FIELD			MULT.	1			DESC.			
							021.	1	SO20022: Se	t of elemen	its used to provide information on the amount of the tax record.			
											ys be set as positive values.			
								П	PROPE	RTY	DESCRIPTION			
							[01]	П	rate		Rate used to calculate the tax.			
		tax	κAmo	unt			' '	Н	taxableBase	Amount	Amount of money on which the tax is based.			
								Н			Total amount that is the result of the calculation of the tax for the			
									totalAmoun	t	record.			
								Н			Set of elements used to provide details on the tax period and			
								Ш	details		amount.			
				rata			[01]	۲						
			rate				F	Rate expresse	ed as a per	centage, ie, in hundredths, eg, 0.7 is 7/10 of a percent, and 7.0 is 7%.				
			tax	ableBa	seAmo	unt	[01]		See generic st	ructure Amo	puntTvpe			
				alAmou			[01]	_	See generic str					
				-			[01]	Н	<b>3</b>					
			det	tails			[]	5	Set of elements used to provide details on the tax period and amount.					
									ISO20022: Elements used to provide details on the tax period and amount.					
											ys be set as positive values.			
				{arra	yltem}		[1*]		PROPERTY		DESCRIPTION			
									poriod	Set of e	elements used to provide details on the period of time related to the tax			
									period	payme	nt.			
								П	amount	Underly	ring tax amount related to the specified period.			
							[01]		Sat of alaman	te used to r	provide details on the period of time related to the tax payment.			
					perio	a					to identify the period related to the tax payment.			
							[01]							
						year		)	Year related to	the tax pa	yment.			
								1	dentification of	of the perior	d related to the tax payment.			
								П	CODE		DESCRIPTION			
								Н	MM01	FirstMonth	Tax is related to the second month of the period.			
								Н	MM02	SecondMo	onth Tax is related to the first month of the period.			
								Н	MM03	ThirdMont	n Tax is related to the third month of the period.			
								Н	MM04	FourthMor	oth Tax is related to the fourth month of the period.			
								Н	MM05	FifthMonth	Tax is related to the fifth month of the period.			
								Н	MM06	SixthMontl	n Tax is related to the sixth month of the period.			
							l	H	MM07		onth Tax is related to the seventh month of the period.			
						type	[01]	H	MM08		th Tax is related to the eighth month of the period.			
						71 -		H	MM09		h Tax is related to the ninth month of the period.			
								H	MM10		th Tax is related to the tenth month of the period.			
								H	MM11		onth Tax is related to the eleventh month of the period.			
								H	MM12		nth Tax is related to the twelfth month of the period.			
								H	QTR1		er Tax is related to the first quarter of the period.			
									QTR2		arter Tax is related to the second quarter of the period.			
								H	QTR3		ter Tax is related to the third quarter of the period.			
								H	QTR4		arter Tax is related to the fourth quarter of the period.			
								H	HLF1		ax is related to the first half of the period.			
									HLF2		If Tax is related to the second half of the period.			
							[01]	Н		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	200 ponos.			
						fromDate	[]	5	Start date of the	ne range.				
							[01]	H						
1						toDate	[01]	E	End date of th	e range.				
					amou	ınt	[11]		See generic str	ructure Ame	nintTima			
					aniol	arit	[01]	,	oce generic St	deture <u>AITIC</u>	инт урс			
		ad	dition	alInforr	mation		[01]	F	urther details	of the tax	record.			



### 4.1.13. Transaction Individual Status Code

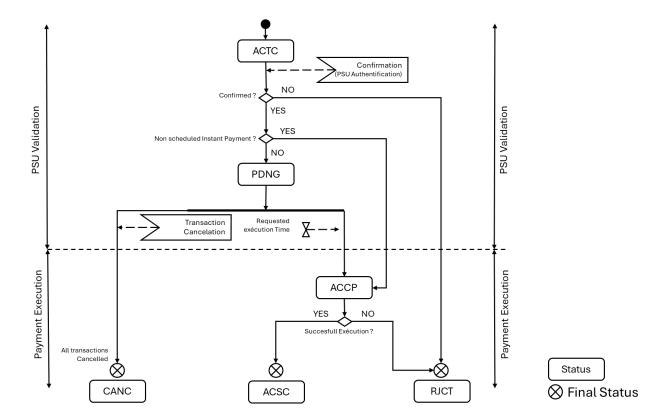
FIELD	MULT	DESC.
TransactionIndividualStatusCod e		ISO20022: Specifies the status of the payment information group. API: Only the following values are allowed to provide the status of the subsequent CREDIT TRANSFER to the Payment Request Details and workflow are described below.  CODE NAME ACSC AcceptedSettlementCompleted ACSP AcceptedSettlementInProcess ACTC AcceptedTechnicalValidation CANC Cancelled PDNG Pending RJCT Rejected

# 4.1.13.1. Transaction Individual Status Code Description

CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION	STATUS	NEXT STATUS AVAILABLE	AVAILABILITY OF FUND
ACSC	AcceptedSettlementCompleted	Settlement on the debtor's account was completed. In the case of SCTInst, this status must not been set by the debtor's Bank before the reception of the positive confirmation. The transaction cannot be cancelled.	Final	None	Yes
ACSP	AcceptedSettlementInProcess	All preceding checks such as technical validation and customer profile were successful and therefore the Payment Request was accepted for execution. The transaction cannot be cancelled.	pending	ACSC or RJCT	No
ACTC	AcceptedTechnicalValidation	Authentication and syntactical and semantical validation are successful. The transaction might be cancelled.	pending	PDNG, ACSP, RJCT	No
CANC	Cancelled	Payment initiation was successfully cancelled after having received a request for cancellation.	Final	None	No
PDNG	Pending	Payment request or individual transaction included in the Payment Request is pending. Further checks and status update will be performed. The transaction might be cancelled.	pending	ACSP, CANC	No
RJCT	Rejected	Payment request or individual transaction included in the Payment Request was rejected.	Final	None	No



#### 4.1.13.2. Transaction Individual Status Code Workflow





### 4.2. Retrieval of the PSU accounts (AISP)

### 4.2.1. Description

This call returns all payment accounts that are relevant for the PSU on behalf of whom the AISP is connected.

Thanks to HYPERMEDIA, each account is returned with the links aiming to ease access to the relevant transactions and balances.

The result may be subject to pagination (i.e. retrieving a partial result in case of having too many results) through a set of pages by the ASPSP. Thereafter, the AISP may ask for the first, next, previous or last page of results.

### 4.2.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the AISP role.
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was enrolled by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU and retrieve the linked PSU context (cf. paragraph 3.4.2) if any.
- The ASPSP takes into account the access token that establishes the link between the PSU and the AISP.

#### 4.2.3. Business Flow

The TPP sends a request to the ASPSP for retrieving the list of the PSU payment accounts.

The ASPSP computes the relevant PSU accounts and builds the answer as an accounts list.

The result may be subject to pagination in order to avoid an excessive result set.

Each payment account will be provided with its characteristics.

### **4.2.4.** Request

get /accounts



### 4.2.4.1. Query Parameters

ı	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
	workspace	[01]	Workspace to be used for processing an AISP request. If not provided, the default workspace is computed from the authentication that was used for getting the OAuth2 Access Token.

# 4.2.5. Response

# 4.2.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

			FIELD	MULT.	DESC.						
{re	espon	seB	ody}	[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the list of the available accounts to the AISP						
	acc	count	s	[11]	List of PSU account that are made available to the TPP.  PSU account that is made available to the TPP. The ASPSP is able to set up specific accounts in order to provide card transactions with a delayed debit. This account must be specific to a given card. Consequently, when the card is renewed, a new account will be set up. ASPSP might also set-up different accounts for one given card but with different imputation dates. The remanence of these accounts is up to the ASPSP but must be equal or greater than the one which is provided through the Web-Banking interface. Case a payment card is blocked, any relevant information (balances, transactions) that is available through the ASPSP PSU-interfaces must also be available through the API till the end of remanence period.						
		{arı	rayItem}	[0*]							
		workspace		[01]	Some ASPSP may provide different user workspaces that can be accessed by the same authenticated PSU. In this case, the AISP is able to retrieve the different pieces of account information by specifying the relevant workspace as a QUERY parameter. Identification of the workspace to be used when processing the request. If not present, the default workspace to be used is the one that is linked to the authentication processed during the OAuth2 access token request.						
			identification	[11]	identification of the workspace to be used as an optional query parameter for some AISP queries						
			label	[11]	textual description of the workspace as specified by the ASPSP in relationship wth the PSU						
			resourceld	[01]	API: Identifier assigned by the ASPSP for further use of the created resource through API calls.  The API client cannot set or modify the value of this field.  Since this value can be exchanged between the server and the client as an URL element or for support information, it must not contain sensitive value such as personal or business data.  However it is the duty of each ASPSP to perform its own risk analysis on this topic.						
			bicFi	[01]	ISO20022: Code allocated to a financial institution by the ISO 9362 Registration Authority as described in ISO 9362 "Banking - Banking telecommunication messages - Business identification code (BIC)".						
		accountld		[01]	See generic structure AccountIdentification						
				[11] Label of the PSU account In case of a delayed debit card transaction set, the name shall specify the holder name and can also provide the imputation date							
			details	[01]	Specifications that might be provided by the ASPSP  characteristics of the account characteristics of the relevant card						
			linkedAccount	[01]	Case of a set of pending card transactions, the ASPSP will provide the relevant cash account the card is set up on.  When used, this field must be valued with the resourceld of the relevant cash account.						
					Specifies the usage of the account						
					CODE DESCRIPTION						
				[01]	PRIV Private personal account						
			usage		ORGA Professional account						
					Case of a set of pending card transactions, this field does not have to be set since the usage is inherited from the linked account.						
					Specifies the type of the account						
			cashAccountType	[11]	CODE DESCRIPTION						
					CACC Cash account						
					CARD List of card based transactions						
			product	[01]	Product Name of the Bank for this account, proprietary definition						
			balances	[01]	list of balances provided by the ASPSP						





			FIEL	D	MULT.				DESC.		
				{arrayltem}	[1*]	See generic structure	BalanceRe	source			
				(and norm)	[]	ISO20022: Specifies			nership.		
							,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
						NAME			DESCRIPTION		
					Account Holder	Person v	hich is the so	le holder of the account.			
					Account Co-						
			psuStatus			Holder			vith others the holding of the account.		
					[01]	Attorney			son having a mandate to access the account data.		
						Custodian For Minor		tity that holds shares/units on behalf of a legal minor. Although the account is registered under the me of the minor, the custodian retains control of the account.			
						Legal Guardian	Entity tha	t was appoint	ted by a legal authority to act on behalf of a person judged to be incapacitated.		
						Nominee		med by the be	eneficial owner to act on its behalf, often to facilitate dealing, or to conceal the		
						Successor On			successor, to whom the respective percentage of ownership will be transferred		
						Death	of the owners.				
						Trustee Legal owners of the property. However, the beneficiary has the equitable or beneficial ownership.					
						links that can be used for further navigation when browsing Account Information at one account level					
						inks that can be use	a for fartile	i navigation	when browsing Account information at one account level		
						LINK			DESCRIPTION		
			_lin	[11]		owners		link to the o	wners identities for a given account		
								balances			alances of a given account
						transactions		link to the transactions of a given account			
						overdrafts			sts of overdrafts of a given account		
				owners	[01]	See generic structure	GenericLin	k	•		
				balances	[01]	See generic structure					
				transactions	[01]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
				overdrafts	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink					
						Links that can be us	ed for furth	er navigation	when browsing Account Information at top level		
						LII	NK	DESCRIPTION			
						self		li	nk to the list of all available accounts		
						consents		li	nk to the consents forwarding		
	١				[11]	endUserIdentity		li	nk to the end-user identity		
	111	nks				trustedBeneficiari	es	li	nk to the list of trusted beneficiaries		
						worspaces		а	rray of link to each relevant workspaces		
						first		li	nk to the first page of the accounts result		
						last		li	nk to the last page of the accounts result		
						next		li	nk to the next page of the accounts result		
						prev		li	nk to the previous page of the accounts result		
		sel	f		[11]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
	consents endUserIdentity			S	[01]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
				Identity	[01]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
		trus	stedB	eneficiaries	[01]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
		wo	rkspa	ces	[01]	list of all workspaces	that can b	e accessed b	by the PSU		
			{arr	ayltem}	[0*]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
		firs	t		[01]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
		las	t		[01]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
		ne	ct		[01]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
		pre	V		[01]	See generic structure	GenericLin	<u>k</u>			
	piev										



# 4.3. Retrieval of an account owners (AISP)

### 4.3.1. Description

This call returns the owners identities for a given PSU account that is specified by the AISP through an account resource identification.

This call cannot be used when the account is owned by a legal entity where the identity of this entity is directly available in the account structure (field [company]).

#### 4.3.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the AISP role
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was enrolled by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU and retrieve the linked PSU context (cf. paragraph 3.4.2) is any.
- The ASPSP takes into account the access token that establishes the link between the PSU and the AISP.
- The TPP has previously retrieved the list of available accounts for the PSU

#### 4.3.3. Business flow

The AISP requests the ASPSP on one of the PSU's accounts.

The ASPSP answers by the identities of the account owners.

### **4.3.4.** Request

get /accounts/{accountResourceId}/owners

#### 4.3.4.1. Path Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
accountResourceld	[11]	Identification of account resource to fetch

### 4.3.4.2. Query Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
workspace	[01]	Workspace to be used for processing an AISP request.  If not provided, the default workspace is computed from the authentication that was used for getting the OAuth2 Access Token.





# 4.3.5. Response

# 4.3.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

FIELD		MULT.	DESC.			
{re	spon	seBody}	[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the identities of the account owners.  These owners are either real persons or a company.  in the first case, the [identities] block must be used  in the second cas, the [company] property specifies the identity of the company owning the account.		
	company		[01]	See generic structure GenericIdentification		
	identities		[01]	identity of the account owners.		
	{arrayltem}		[0*]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the identity of the PSU		
		fullName	[11]	Last name and first name		
				Specifies the terms used to form This field accepts the following of		a person.
		nome Drofit	[01]	CODE		DESCRIPTION
		namePrefix		DOCT		Doctor
				MADM		Madam
				MISS		Miss
				MIST		Mister
		firstName	[01]	First name		
	lastName [01]		Last name			
				links that can be used for further navigation when browsing balances Information at one account level		
				LINK		DESCRIPTION
	_lin	iks	[11]	self		wners of a given account
				parent-list	link to the li	st of all available accounts
				balances	link to the balances for a given account	
				transactions		ansactions of a given account
				overdrafts		sts of overdrafts of a given account
		self [11] See generic structure GenericLink				
		parent-list	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
	balances [01]			See generic structure GenericLink		
	transactions		[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
	overdrafts		[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		



### 4.4. Retrieval of an account balances report (AISP)

### 4.4.1. Description

This call returns a set of balances for a given PSU account that is specified by the AISP through an account resource Identification

### 4.4.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the AISP role
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was enrolled by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU and retrieve the linked PSU context (cf. paragraph 3.4.2) if any.
- The ASPSP takes into account the access token that establishes the link between the PSU and the AISP.
- The TPP has previously retrieved the list of available accounts for the PSU

### 4.4.3. Business flow

The AISP requests the ASPSP on one of the PSU's accounts.

The ASPSP answers by providing a list of balances on this account.

- The ASPSP should provide at least one balance on the account.
  - For cash account, this balance should be the accounting balance (CACC)
  - For card transactions account, the accounting balance is meaningless and must be replaced by an other type of balance (OTHR).
- Case of no registered transaction on the account, this balance will have an amount equal to zero.
- The ASPSP can provide other balance restitutions, e.g. instant balance, as well, if possible.
- Actually, from the PSD2 perspective, any other balances that are provided through the Web-Banking service of the ASPSP must also be provided by this ASPSP through the API.

### 4.4.4. Request

get /accounts/{accountResourceld}/balances



### 4.4.4.1. Path Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
accountResourceld	[11]	Identification of account resource to fetch

# 4.4.4.2. Query Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
workspace	[01]	Workspace to be used for processing an AISP request.  If not provided, the default workspace is computed from the authentication that was used for getting the OAuth2 Access Token.

# 4.4.5. Response

# 4.4.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

	FIELD		MULT.	DESC.		
{re	{responseBody}		[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the list of the relevant balances for a given account to the AISP		
	balances		[11]	List of account balances		
	{arrayltem} [1*]		[1*]	See generic structure BalanceResource		
				links that can be used for furth	er navigation when browsing balances Information at one account level  DESCRIPTION	
	lin	inks	[11]	self	link to the balances of a given account	
				parent-list	link to the list of all available accounts	
				owners	link to the owners identities for a given account	
				transactions	link to the transactions of a given account	
				overdrafts	link to the lists of overdrafts of a given account	
	self		[11]	See generic structure GenericLink		
		parent-list	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
		owners	[01] See generic structure GenericLink		n <u>k</u>	
transactions [01] See generic structure GenericLink		<u>nk</u>				
	overdrafts		[01]	See generic structure GenericLi	<u>nk</u>	



# 4.5. Retrieval of an account transaction set (AISP)

### 4.5.1. Description

This call returns transactions for an account for a given PSU account that is specified by the AISP through an account resource identification.

The request may use some filter parameter in order to restrict the query

- · on a given imputation date range
- past a given incremental technical identification

The result may be subject to pagination (i.e. retrieving a partial result in case of having too many results) through a set of pages by the ASPSP. Thereafter, the AISP may ask for the first, next, previous or last page of results.

### 4.5.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the AISP role
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was enrolled by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU and retrieve the linked PSU context (cf. paragraph 3.4.2) is any.
- The ASPSP takes into account the access token that establishes the link between the PSU and the AISP.
- The TPP has previously retrieved the list of available accounts for the PSU

#### 4.5.3. Business flow

The AISP requests the ASPSP on one of the PSU's accounts. It may specify some selection criteria.

The ASPSP answers by a set of transactions that matches the query.

- The result may be subject to pagination in order to avoid an excessive result set.
- Case of no registered transaction on the account, this result will be an empty list.

The default transaction set, in the absence of filter query parameter, has to be specified and documented by the implementation.





The sort order of transaction might be specific to each ASPSP, due to each Information System constraints.

# **4.5.4.** Request

get /accounts/{accountResourceId}/transactions

#### 4.5.4.1. Path Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
accountResourceld	[11]	Identification of account resource to fetch

## 4.5.4.2. Query Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
dateFrom	[01]	Inclusive minimal imputation date of the transactions.  Transactions having an imputation date equal to this parameter are included within the result.
dateTo	[01]	Exclusive maximal imputation date of the transactions.  Transactions having an imputation date equal to this parameter are not included within the result.
dateType	[01]	This parameter specifies the type of date on which [dateFrom] and [dateTo] apply.  If not provided, the ASPSP will use its own default date type as specified in its implementation documentation.  The implementation documentation must also specify which date types are supported.
entryReferenceFrom	[01]	Specifies the value on which the result has to be computed. Only the transaction having a technical identification greater than this value must be included within the result
entryReferenceto	[01]	Specifies the value on which the result has to be computed.  Only the transaction having a technical identification less than or equal to this value must be included within the result
workspace	[01]	Workspace to be used for processing an AISP request.  If not provided, the default workspace is computed from the authentication that was used for getting the OAuth2 Access Token.

## 4.5.5. Response

## 4.5.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

		FIELD	MULT.	DESC.		
{r	responseBody}		[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the list of the transactions for a given account to the AISF		
	tra	nsactions	[11]	List of transactions		
				ISO20022: Structure of a transaction.		
				<ul> <li>the [charges] property provides information on the charges, pre-advised or included in the entry amount.</li> </ul>		
		{arrayltem}	[0*]	<ul> <li>the [relatedParties] property specifies either the debtor or the creditor counterpart information</li> <li>API:</li> </ul>		
				<ul> <li>Amounts must always be set as positive values in complement with the Credit/Debit indicator.</li> </ul>		
				<ul> <li>At least expectedBookingDate or bookingDate must be provided"</li> </ul>		
		resourceld		API: Identifier assigned by the ASPSP for further use of the created resource through API calls.  The API client cannot set or modify the value of this field.  Since this value can be exchanged between the server and the client as an URL element or for support information, it must not contain sensitive value such as personal or business data.  However it is the duty of each ASPSP to perform its own risk analysis on this topic.		



		FIELD	MULT.	DESC.				
	en	tryReference	[01]	Technical incremental identification of the transaction used for reconciliation by the AISP.  Once assigned, this value cannot be changed for the relevant transaction.  It is assumed that this value is unique and thus cannot be shared by several transactions.  The reconciliation of transactions can be done by the [resourceld] or the [entryReference] field.  If none of these fields cannot be provided, it is therefore suggested that the [remittanceInformation] field, once set, should not be updated afterwards.				
	tra	nsactionAmount	[11]	Actually the [additionalTransactionInformation] field can be used to update the details of a given transaction.  See generic structure AmountType				
	ua	TISCOLOTI TITCOLIC	[11]	Accounting flow of the amount				
	cre	editDebitIndicator	[11]	CODE DESCRIPTION  CRDT Credit type amount  DBIT Debit type amount				
	tra	nsactionAmountDetails	[01]	Provides detailed information on the original amount.  The [instructedAmount] property identifies the amount of money to be moved between the debtor and creditor, before deduction of charges, expressed in the currency as ordered by the initiating party and provides currency exchange information in case the instructed amount and/or currency is/are different from the entry amount and/or currency.  The [transactionAmount] property identifies the amount of money to be moved between the debtor and creditor, before deduction of charges, expressed in the currency as ordered by the initiating party and provides currency exchange information in case the instructed amount and/or currency is/are different from the entry amount and/or currency.  The [cunterValueAmount] property embbeds the set of elements used to provide the countervalue amount and currency exchange information.  This can be either the counter amount quoted in an FX deal, or the result of the currency information applied to an instructed amount, before deduction of charges.  The [announcedPostingAmount] property specifies the amount of money, based on terms of corporate action event and balance of underlying securities, entitled to/from the account owner.				
		instructedAmount	[01]	ISO20022: details on amount and currency exchange The [amount] property is the amount of money to be exchanged against another amount of money in the counter currency. The [sourceCurency] property indicates the currency from which an amount is to be converted in a currency conversion. The [targetCurrency] property indicates the currency into which an amount is to be converted in a currency conversion. The [unitCurrency] indicates the currency in which the rate of exchange is expressed in a currency exchange. In the example 1GBP = xxxCUR, the unit currency is GBP. API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.				
		type	[01]	specifies the type of amount in case of proprietary amount				
		amount	[11]	See generic structure AmountType				
		sourceCurrency	[11]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".				
		targetCurrency	[01]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".				
		unitCurrency	[01]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".				
		exchangeRate	[11]	Factor used to convert an amount from one currency into another. This reflects the price at which one currency was bought with another currency.  ExchangeRate expresses the ratio between UnitCurrency and QuotedCurrency (ExchangeRate = UnitCurrency/QuotedCurrency).				
		contractIdentification	[01]	Unique identification to unambiguously identify the foreign exchange contract.				
		quotationDate	[01]	Date and time at which an exchange rate is quoted.				
		transactionAmount	[01]	ISO20022: details on amount and currency exchange The [amount] property is the amount of money to be exchanged against another amount of money in the counter currency. The [sourceCurency] property indicates the currency from which an amount is to be converted in a currency conversion. The [targetCurrency] property indicates the currency into which an amount is to be converted in a currency conversion. The [unitCurrency] indicates the currency in which the rate of exchange is expressed in a currency exchange. In the example 1GBP = xxxCUR, the unit currency is GBP. API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.				
		type	[01]	specifies the type of amount in case of proprietary amount				
		amount	[11]	See generic structure AmountType				





		FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
			[4, 4]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.
		sourceCurrency	[11]	A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".
		targetCurrency	[01]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".
		unitCurrency	[01]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".
		exchangeRate	[11]	Factor used to convert an amount from one currency into another. This reflects the price at which one currency was bought with another currency.  ExchangeRate expresses the ratio between UnitCurrency and QuotedCurrency (ExchangeRate = UnitCurrency/QuotedCurrency).
		contractIdentification	[01]	Unique identification to unambiguously identify the foreign exchange contract.
		quotationDate	[01]	Date and time at which an exchange rate is quoted.
	co	unterValueAmount	[01]	ISO20022: details on amount and currency exchange The [amount] property is the amount of money to be exchanged against another amount of money in the counter currency. The [sourceCurency] property indicates the currency from which an amount is to be converted in a currency conversion. The [targetCurrency] property indicates the currency into which an amount is to be converted in a currency conversion. The [unitCurrency] indicates the currency in which the rate of exchange is expressed in a currency exchange. In the example 1GBP = xxxCUR, the unit currency is GBP. API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.
		type	[01]	specifies the type of amount in case of proprietary amount
		amount	[11]	See generic structure AmountType
		sourceCurrency	[11]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".
		targetCurrency	[01]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".
		unitCurrency	[01]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".
		exchangeRate	[11]	Factor used to convert an amount from one currency into another. This reflects the price at which one currency was bought with another currency. ExchangeRate expresses the ratio between UnitCurrency and QuotedCurrency (ExchangeRate = UnitCurrency/QuotedCurrency).
		contractIdentification	[01]	Unique identification to unambiguously identify the foreign exchange contract.
		quotationDate	[01]	Date and time at which an exchange rate is quoted.
	an	nouncedPostingAmount	[01]	ISO20022: details on amount and currency exchange The [amount] property is the amount of money to be exchanged against another amount of money in the counter currency. The [sourceCurency] property indicates the currency from which an amount is to be converted in a currency conversion. The [targetCurrency] property indicates the currency into which an amount is to be converted in a currency conversion. The [unitCurrency] indicates the currency in which the rate of exchange is expressed in a currency exchange. In the example 1GBP = xxxCUR, the unit currency is GBP. API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.
		type	[01]	specifies the type of amount in case of proprietary amount
		amount	[11]	See generic structure AmountType
		sourceCurrency	[11]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".
		targetCurrency	[01]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".
		unitCurrency	[01]	Specifies the currency of the amount or of the account.  A code allocated to a currency by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification scheme, as described in the latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the representation of currencies and funds".
		exchangeRate	[11]	Factor used to convert an amount from one currency into another. This reflects the price at which one currency was bought with another currency. ExchangeRate expresses the ratio between UnitCurrency and QuotedCurrency (ExchangeRate = UnitCurrency/QuotedCurrency).
		contractIdentification	[01]	Unique identification to unambiguously identify the foreign exchange contract.





			FIELD	MULT.			DESC.		
				[01]					
			quotationDate	[0, 4]	Date and ti	ime at which an ex	change rate is quoted.		
		pro	orietaryAmount	[01]		<u> </u>	de information on the original amount and currency exchange.		
			{arrayItem}	[0*]	The [amou the counter The [source currency or The [target currency or The [unitCounter the currency or the cur	nt] property is the a r currency. eCurency] property onversion. (Currency] property onversion. urrency] indicates t In the example 1G	and currency exchange amount of money to be exchanged against another amount of money in y indicates the currency from which an amount is to be converted in a y indicates the currency into which an amount is to be converted in a the currency in which the rate of exchange is expressed in a currency is BP = xxxCUR, the unit currency is GBP.		
			type	[01]			in case of proprietary amount		
			amount	[11]	See generic	c structure Amount	Гуре		
			sourceCurrency	[11]	A code allo scheme, as	cated to a currenc	amount or of the account. y by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the and funds".		
			targetCurrency	[01]	Specifies the A code allowed scheme, as	he currency of the ocated to a currence	amount or of the account.  by by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification latest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the		
			unitCurrency	[01]	A code allo scheme, as	cated to a currenc	amount or of the account.  by by a Maintenance Agency under an international identification  atlest edition of the international standard ISO 4217 "Codes for the  and funds".		
			exchangeRate	[11]	Factor used to convert an amount from one currency into another. This reflects the price at which one currency was bought with another currency.  ExchangeRate expresses the ratio between UnitCurrency and QuotedCurrency (ExchangeRate = UnitCurrency/QuotedCurrency).				
			contractIdentification	[01]			biguously identify the foreign exchange contract.		
			quotationDate	[01]	Date and ti	ime at which an ex	change rate is quoted.		
					Type of Tra	ansaction			
					CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION		
					воок	ClosingBooked	Accounted transaction		
	sta	tus		[11]	PDNG	Pending	Transaction that is to be accounted and does already affect the instant balance		
					FUTR	Future	Entry is on the books of the account servicer and value will be applied to the account owner at a future date and time.		
					INFO	Information	Entry is only provided for information, and no booking on the account owner's account in the account servicer's ledger was performed.		
	end	dToEr	ndld	[01]			ion assigned by the initiating party to unambiguously identify the in is passed on, unchanged, throughout the entire end-to-end chain.		
	exp	ected	dBookingDate	[01]	Expected b	oooking date of the	transaction on the account if the transaction is not yet booked.		
	boo	okingl	Date	[01]	Real booki	ng date of the trans	saction on the account		
	val	ueDa	te	[01]	Value date	of the transaction	on the account		
	trar	nsacti	onDate	[01]	Date used	for credit transfe	res:  tion: date of the commercial transaction  er: acquiring date of the transaction as seen by the Payer's Bank  receiving date of the transaction as seen by the Payer's Bank		



			FIEL	D	MULT.	DESC.
			TIEL		WIOLI.	
	bai	nkTra	ansac	tionCode	[01]	Set of elements used to fully identify the type of underlying transaction resulting in an entry. ISO20022 provides a list of possible Bank Transaction Code combinations. Transaction codification might also be specified at national community level. For instance a French Transaction codification is available. It applies with paragraph 2 code table using the following mapping:  domain must be set with "FR"  family must be set with one of the values that are provided in the [code Famille] column (e.g. "OPCA")  subFamily must be set with one of the values that are provided in the [code operation] column (e.g. "05")  code might be set with a proprietary transaction code that must be documented by the
					[11]	implementation.
		doı	main		[11]	Set of elements used to provide the domain, the family and the sub-family of the bank transaction code, in a structured and hierarchical format.
		fan	nily			Specifies the family and the sub-family of the bank transaction code, within a specific domain, in a structured and hierarchical format.
		sub	oFami	ily	[11]	Specifies the sub-product family within a specific family.
		cod	de		[01]	Proprietary bank transaction code to identify the underlying transaction.
		iss	uer		[01]	Identification of the issuer of the proprietary bank transaction code.
	cha	arges	3		[01]	ISO20022: Provides further details on the charges related to the payment transaction. API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.
		totalChargesAndTaxAmount		[01]	See generic structure AmountType	
		record		[01]	Provides details of the individual charges record.	
			{arr	ayltem}	[0*]	ISO20022: Provides further individual record details on the charges related to the payment transaction.  The [amount] proprty specifies the transaction charges to be paid by the charge bearer. The [creditDebitIndicator] property indicates whether the charges amount is a credit or a debit amount. A zero amount is considered to be a credit.  the [code] property is the charge type, in a coded form the [rate] property is the rate used to calculate the amount of the charge or fee.  the [bearer] property specifies which party/parties will bear the charges associated with the processing of the payment transaction.  the [agent] property specifies the agent that takes the transaction charges or to which the transaction charges are due.
				amount	[01]	API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.  See generic structure AmountType
				creditDebitIndicator	[01]	Accounting flow of the amount  CODE DESCRIPTION  CRDT Credit type amount  DBIT Debit type amount
				chargeIncludedIndicator	[01]	Indicates whether the charge should be included in the amount or is added as pre-advice.  One of the following values must be used:  Meaning When True: Included  Meaning When False: Pre-advised
				code	[01]	Specifies a code and the issuer of this code.
				code	[11]	Provides the code.
				issuer	[01]	Identification of the issuer of the code.
				rate	[01]	Rate expressed as a percentage, ie, in hundredths, eg, 0.7 is 7/10 of a percent, and 7.0 is 7%.





			FIE	LD		MULT.			DESC.	
							ISO20022	: Specifies which party/pa	arties will bear the charges associated with the processing of the	
								ransaction. ring values are allowed:		
							THE IOIIOW	ing values are allowed.		
							CODE	NAME	DESCRIPTION	
							DEBT	BorneByDebtor	All transaction charges are to be borne by the debtor.	
							CRED	BorneByCreditor	All transaction charges are to be borne by the creditor.	
						[01]			In a credit transfer context, means that transaction charges on	
				bea	rer				the sender side are to be borne by the debtor, transaction	
									charges on the receiver side are to be borne by the creditor. In a	
							SHAR	Shared	direct debit context, means that transaction charges on the	
									sender side are to be borne by the creditor, transaction charges	
								on the receiver side are to be borne by the debtor.		
							CI EV	Fallausia a Cansidad a ual	Charges are to be applied following the rules agreed in the	
							SLEV	FollowingServiceLevel	service level and/or scheme.	
				age	nt	[01]	See gener	ic structure FinancialInstitut	tionIdentification	
							ISO20022	: Provides details on the t	tax applied to charges.	
				tax		[01]	•	The [rate] property is	the rate used to calculate the tax.	
							•		is the amount of money resulting from the calculation of the tax.	
					I	[01]		unts must always be set a		
					identification	[0]	Unique ref (VAT).	ference to unambiguously	videntify the nature of the tax levied, such as Value Added Tax	
					rate	[01]	Rate expr	essed as a percentage, ie	e, in hundredths, eg, 0.7 is 7/10 of a percent, and 7.0 is 7%.	
					amount	[01]	See gener	ic structure AmountType		
		_	_			[01]	<u> </u>			
	rel	atedF					information about the parties that are related to the transaction			
				tingParty		[01]		ic structure Partyldentificati		
				Agent		[01]	See generic structure FinancialInstitutionIdentification			
			btor			[01]	See generic structure Partyldentification			
				ccour		[01]		ic structure AccountIdentific		
				Debto		[01]		ic structure Partyldentificati		
			editor	Agent		[01]		ic structure FinancialInstitut		
				Accou	nt	[01]		ic structure Partyldentificati ic structure AccountIdentific		
				Credit		[01]		ic structure Partyldentificati		
		uiti	mate	Orcui		[01]			enable the matching of an entry with the items that the transfer is	
							intended to		cial invoices in an accounts' receivable system.	
						[01]	API:	0.1		
	rer	nittar	nceln	format	ion	[0]		-	of the unstructured information is allowed.	
								•	of the structured information is allowed.	
								Structured and unstru	ctured information can coexist.	
						[01]				
		un	struc	tured		[51]		red remittance informatior	n. attern in order to specify its own character set constraints.	
			{ar	raylter	m}	[1*]	·		' '	
					.,	[01]	Relevant I	nformation to the transact	uui	
		str	uctur					I remittance information		
			{ar	raylter	m}	[1*]	See gener	ic structure StructuredRem	<u>ittanceInformation</u>	
	ad	dition	ionalTransactionInformation		[01]	Additional	information about reconc	biliation.		
	sta	andin	gOrd	erCha	racteristics	[01]	Specifies t	the characteristics of a sta	anding order.	
		sta	artDat	te		[11]	The first a	pplicable day of execution	n for a given period.	
						[01]				
		en	dDat	е		[2]		pplicable day of executior n, the period is considered		





		FIELD	MULT.	I	DESC.	
			WIOLT.	Execution date shifting		
				This data attribute def	is the behaviour when recurring payment d	ates falls on a weekend or bank
				holiday.	cuted either the "preceding" or "following" v	working day
					equest due to the communicated value, if i	
			[11]	supporting this execution rule.		
		executionRule		this execution rule.		
				CODE	DECC	PRINTION
						CRIPTION
				FWNG PREC	following	
				111-0	preceding	
				Frequency rule for sta The following codes fr	ing orders. i the "EventFrequency7Code" of ISO 2002	2 are supported.
				Ĭ	, ,	
				CODE	DESCF	RIPTION
				DAIL	Daily	
				WEEK	Weekly	
			[11]	TOWK	EveryTwoWeeks	
		frequency	[]	MNTH	Monthly	
				TOMN	EveryTwoMonths	
				QUTR	Quarterly	
				SEMI	SemiAnnual	
				YEAR	Annual	
				Hawayar anah ACDC	sight and that the control into a cubout if a	المامم
			[01]		night restrict these values into a subset if n	
	r	merchantCategoryCode		Category code conform to ISO 18245, related to the type of services or goods the merchant provides for the transaction.		
				links that can be used for further retrieving details on a given transaction		
			[01]			
	-	links		LINK	DESCRIPTIO	ON
				details	link to the details of the transaction	
		details	[01]	See generic structure		
			[01]			
	t	pookingPeriod		definition of a time per	i	
			[01]			
		startDate		The first applicable da	of execution for a given period.	
			[01]	<del>-</del>		
		endDate			of execution for a given period. considered as endless.	
		cardid	[01]	See generic structure G		
			. ,	_	r further navigation when browsing transact	tions Information at one account
				level		
				LINK	DESCRIPTION	DN
				self	link to the transactions of a given account	
			[4, 4]	parent-list	link to the list of all available accounts	
_lir	nks		[11]	owners	link to the owners identities for a given accou-	nt
				balances	link to the balances of a given account	
				overdrafts	link to the lists of overdrafts of a given accour	nt
				first	link to the first page of the transactions result	
				last	link to the last page of the transactions result	
				next	link to the next page of the transactions result	
				prev	link to the previous page of the transactions r	esult
	self		[11]	See generic structure @	ericLink	
	paren	t-list	[01]	See generic structure G	ericLink	
	owne	rs	[01]	See generic structure G	ericLink	
	balan	ces	[01]	See generic structure G	ericLink	
	overd	rafts	[01]	See generic structure G	ericLink	
	first		[01]	See generic structure G	ericLink	
	last		[01]	See generic structure G	ericLink	
	next		[01]	See generic structure G	ericLink	
	prev		[01]	See generic structure G	<u>ericLink</u>	





## 4.6. Retrieval of transaction details (AISP)

### 4.6.1. Description

This call returns the details of a transaction from a given PSU account.

The AISP has to specified

- the account through an account resource identification
- the transaction through a transaction resource identification

#### 4.6.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the AISP role
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was enrolled by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU and retrieve the linked PSU context (cf. paragraph 3.4.2) is any.
- The ASPSP takes into account the access token that establishes the link between the PSU and the AISP.
- The TPP has previously retrieved the list of available accounts for the PSU and the transactions from one given account
- A transaction includes a "details" hyperlink which indicates that detailed information is available for this transaction.

#### 4.6.3. Business flow

The AISP requests the ASPSP on one of the transactions.

The ASPSP answers by the details on this transaction.

## **4.6.4.** Request

get /accounts/{accountResourceId}/transactions/{transactionResourceId}/details

#### 4.6.4.1. Path Parameters

١	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
	accountResourceld	[11]	Identification of account resource to fetch
	transactionResourceld	[11]	Identification of transaction resource to fetch





# 4.6.5. Response

# 4.6.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

		FIELD	MULT.		DESC.				
{res <sub> </sub>	ponseB	ody}	[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the details of a given transaction					
	details		[11]	Details of the transactions					
	{arrayltem}		[0*]						
		[11]		links that can be used after retriev	ing details on a given transaction				
	_links	3	[11]	LINK	DESCRIPTION				
				transactions	link to the transaction list				
				accounts	link to the list of all available accounts				
	transactions accounts		[01]	See generic structure GenericLink					
			[01]	See generic structure GenericLink					



## 4.7. Retrieval of an account overdraft (AISP)

## 4.7.1. Description

This call returns the overdrafts that can be used for a given PSU account that is specified by the AISP through an account resource identification.

The request may use some filter parameter in order to restrict the query

## 4.7.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the AISP role
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was enrolled by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU and retrieve the linked PSU context (cf. paragraph 3.4.2) is any.
- The ASPSP takes into account the access token that establishes the link between the PSU and the AISP.
- The TPP has previously retrieved the list of available accounts for the PSU

#### 4.7.3. Business flow

The AISP requests the ASPSP on one of the PSU's accounts.

The ASPSP answers by the overdraft that can be applied.

## **4.7.4.** Request

get /accounts/{accountResourceId}/overdrafts

#### 4.7.4.1. Path Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
accountResourceld	[11]	Identification of account resource to fetch

#### 4.7.4.2. Query Parameters

	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
wo	orkspace	[01]	Workspace to be used for processing an AISP request.  If not provided, the default workspace is computed from the authentication that was used for getting the OAuth2 Access Token.





# **4.7.5.** Response

# 4.7.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

		FIELD	MULT.		DESC.				
{re	{responseBody}		[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the list of the overdrafts that can apply on a given account to the AISP					
	Overdrafts		[11]	ISO20022: Overdraft characteristics API: Amounts must always be set as positive values.					
		allowedAmount	[11]	See generic structure AmountTy	See generic structure AmountType				
				links that can be used for furthe	er navigation when browsing overdrafts Information at one account level  DESCRIPTION				
	lir	nke	[11]	self	link to the overdrafts of a given account				
	_'''	110		parent-list	link to the list of all available accounts				
				owners	link to the owners identities for a given account				
				balances	link to the balances of a given account				
				transactions	link to the transactions of a given account				
		Self	[11]	See generic structure GenericLin	n <u>k</u>				
	parent-list owners		[01]	See generic structure GenericLin	<u>nk</u>				
			[01]	See generic structure GenericLin	nk				
		balances	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink					
	transactions		[01]	See generic structure GenericLin	n <u>k</u>				



## 4.8. Forwarding the PSU consent (AISP)

### 4.8.1. Description

In the mixed detailed consent on accounts

- the AISP captures the consent of the PSU
- · then it forwards this consent to the ASPSP

This consent replaces any prior consent that was previously sent by the AISP.

## 4.8.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the AISP role.
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was enrolled by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU and retrieve the linked PSU context (cf. paragraph 3.4.2) if any.
- The ASPSP takes into account the access token that establishes the link between the PSU and the AISP.

#### 4.8.3. Business Flow

The PSU specifies to the AISP which of his/her accounts will be accessible and which functionalities should be available.

The AISP forwards these settings to the ASPSP.

The ASPSP answers by HTTP201 return code.

### **4.8.4.** Request

put /consents

#### 4.8.4.1. Body (application/json)

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
requestBody}	[11]	Requested access services.
owners	[11]	List of accessible accounts for one given functionality
{arrayltem}	[0*]	See generic structure <u>AccountIdentification</u>





FIELD		ELD	MULT.	DESC.		
balances		[11]	List of accessible accounts for one given functionality			
	{arra	yltem}	[0*]	See generic structure AccountIdentification		
transactions			[11]	List of accessible accounts for one given functionality		
	{arra	yltem}	[0*]	See generic structure AccountIdentification		
over	drafts		[01]	List of accessible accounts for one given functionality		
	{arra	yltem}	[0*]	See generic structure AccountIdentification		
				Indicator that access to the trusted beneficiaries list was granted or not to the AISP by the PSU		
tructi	ndRono	ficiaries	[01]	true: the access was granted		
trusti	Suberie	nicialies		false: the access was not granted		
trust	edWork	spaceBeneficiaries	[01]	Indicator, for each given workspace, that access to the trusted beneficiaries list was granted or not to the AISP by the PSU.		
	{arra	yltem}	[0*]	list of workspaces for which the PSU has given consent to the access by the AISP		
		workspace	[01]	Identification of the workspace. If not provided, the default workspace is computed from the authentication that was used for getting the OAuth2 Access Token.		
		access	[01]	Indicator that access to the trusted beneficiaries list was granted or not to the AISP by the PSU for the default workspace  true: the access was granted false: the access was not granted		
psuldentity		[11]	Indicator that access to the PSU identity, first name and last name, was granted or not to the AISP by the PSU  true: the access was granted  false: the access was not granted			

# 4.8.5. Response

No body response is returned for this API call.



## 4.9. Retrieval of the identity of the end-user (AISP)

## 4.9.1. Description

This call returns the identity of the PSU (end-user).

### 4.9.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the AISP role.
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was enrolled by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU and retrieve the linked PSU context (cf. paragraph 3.4.2) if any.
- The ASPSP takes into account the access token that establishes the link between the PSU and the AISP.

#### 4.9.3. Business Flow

The AISP asks for the identity of the PSU.

The ASPSP answers with the identity, i.e. first and last names of the end-user.

#### **4.9.4.** Request



No Path, Query or Body parameter are specified for this API call.

### 4.9.5. Response

#### 4.9.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

		FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
{re	espoi	nseBody}	[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the identity of the PSU.  The [identity] property specifies the identity of the PSU which has granted access to the AISP on the accounts data  This information can be retrieved based on the PSU's authentication that occurred during the OAUTH2 access token initialisation.
	identity		[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the identity of the PSU
		fullName	[11]	Last name and first name



	FIELD	MULT.		DESC.	
			Specifies the terms used to formally address a This field accepts the following code values	person.	
		[01]	CODE	DESCRIPTION	
	namePrefix		DOCT	Doctor	
			MADM	Madam	
				Miss	
			MIST	Mister	
	firstName	[01]	First name		
	lastName	[01]	Last name		
			links that can be used for further navigation after	r retrieving end-user identity	
		[11]	LINK	DESCRIPTION	
_lii	nks	[11]	self	link to the end-user identity	
			accounts	link to the list of all available accounts	
			consents	link to the consents forwarding	
			trustedBeneficiaries	link to the list of trusted beneficiaries	
	self	[11]	See generic structure GenericLink		
	accounts	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
consents		[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
trustedBeneficiaries		[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		



## 4.10. Retrieval of the trusted beneficiaries list (AISP)

## 4.10.1. Description

This call returns all trusted beneficiaries that were set by the PSU.

Those beneficiaries can benefit from an SCA exemption during payment initiation.

The result may be subject to pagination (i.e. retrieving a partial result in case of having too many results) through a set of pages by the ASPSP. Thereafter, the AISP may ask for the first, next, previous or last page of results.

## 4.10.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the AISP role.
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was enrolled by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code" or "Resource Owner Password" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU and retrieve the linked PSU context (cf. paragraph 3.4.2) if any.
- The ASPSP takes into account the access token that establishes the link between the PSU and the AISP.

#### 4.10.3. Business Flow

The AISP asks for the trusted beneficiaries list.

The ASPSP answers with a list of beneficiary details structure.

## **4.10.4.** Request

get /trusted-beneficiaries

#### 4.10.4.1. Query Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
workspace	[01]	Workspace to be used for processing an AISP request.  If not provided, the default workspace is computed from the authentication that was used for getting the OAuth2 Access Token.



# **4.10.5.** Response

# 4.10.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

	FIELD		MULT.		DESC.				
{re	{responseBody}			[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for	returning the list of the whitelisted beneficiaries			
	beneficiaries			[11]	List of trusted beneficiaries				
	{arrayItem}		[0*]	Specification of a beneficiary	Specification of a beneficiary				
			workspace	[01]	the AISP is able to retrieve the diff parameter. Identification of the wo	nt user workspaces that can be accessed by the same authenticated PSU. In this case, erent pieces of account information by specifying the relevant workspace as a QUERY rkspace to be used when processing the request. If not present, the default workspace to the authentication processed during the OAuth2 access token request.			
			identification	[11]	identification of the workspace to b	be used as an optional query parameter for some AISP queries			
			label	[11]	textual description of the workspace	ce as specified by the ASPSP in relationship wth the PSU			
			id	[01]	ld of the beneficiary				
	isTrusted		isTrusted	[01]	The ASPSP having not implemented the trusted beneficiaries list must not set this flag.  Otherwise, the ASPSP indicates whether or not the beneficiary was registered by the PSU within the trusted beneficiaries list.  true: the beneficiary is actually a trusted beneficiary  false: the beneficiary is not a trusted beneficiary				
			creditorAgent	[01]	See generic structure FinancialInstitution	utionIdentification			
			creditor	[11]	See generic structure Partyldentifica	<u>tion</u>			
			creditorAccount	[01]	See generic structure AccountIdentification				
					links that can be used for further n	avigation when browsing Account Information at one account level			
					LINK	DESCRIPTION			
					self	link to the list of trusted beneficiaries			
				[11]	accounts	link to the list of all available accounts			
	_lir	nks		[11]	consents	link to the consents forwarding			
					endUserIdentity	link to the end-user identity			
					first	link to the first page of the beneficiaries result			
					last	link to the last page of the beneficiaries result			
					next	link to the next page of the beneficiaries result			
				prev	link to the previous page of the beneficiaries result				
		sel		[11]	See generic structure GenericLink				
			counts	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink				
			nsents	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink				
			dUserIdentity	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink				
		firs		[01]	See generic structure GenericLink				
		las		[01]	See generic structure GenericLink				
		ne		[01]	See generic structure GenericLink				
		pre	ev	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink				



## 4.11. Payment coverage check request (CBPII)

## 4.11.1. Description

The CBPII can ask an ASPSP to check if a given amount can be covered by the liquidity that is available on a PSU cash account or payment card.

## 4.11.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the CBPII role
- The TPP and the PSU have a contract that was registered by the ASPSP
  - At this step, the ASPSP has delivered an "Authorization Code", a "Resource Owner Password" or a "Client Credential" OAUTH2 access token to the TPP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
  - Each ASPSP has to implement either the "Authorization Code"/"Resource Owner Password" or the "Client Credential" OAUTH2 access token model.
  - Doing this, it will edit the [security] section on this path in order to specify which model it has chosen
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its OAUTH2 "Authorization Code", "Resource Owner Password" or "Client Credential" access token which allows the ASPSP to identify the relevant PSU.

#### 4.11.3. Business flow

The CBPII requests the ASPSP for a payment coverage check against either a bank account or a card primary identifier.

This request cannot handle exchange rate and must be specified with the relevant account currency.

The ASPSP answers with a structure embedding the original request and the result as a Boolean.

## **4.11.4.** Request

post /funds-confirmations



## 4.11.4.1. Body (application/json)

	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
{r	equestBody}	[11]	Payment coverage request structure. The request must rely either on a cash account or a payment card. The [instructedAmount] property is the payment account on wihich the request is processed. This amount must be positive. Amounts must always be set as positive values.
	paymentCoverageRequestId	[11]	Identification of the payment Coverage Request
	payee	[01]	The merchant where the card is accepted as information to the PSU.
	instructedAmount	[01]	See generic structure AmountType
	accountld	[11]	See generic structure AccountIdentification

# **4.11.5.** Response

# 4.11.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

		FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
{re	{responseBody}		[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the payment coverage report to the CBPII
	request		[11]	Payment coverage request structure. The request must rely either on a cash account or a payment card. The [instructedAmount] property is the payment account on wihich the request is processed. This amount must be positive. Amounts must always be set as positive values.
		paymentCoverageRequestId	[11]	Identification of the payment Coverage Request
		payee	[01]	The merchant where the card is accepted as information to the PSU.
		instructedAmount	[01]	See generic structure AmountType
		accountld	[11]	See generic structure AccountIdentification
	result _links		[11]	Result of the coverage check :  true: the payment can be covered false: the payment cannot be covered
			[11]	links that can be used for further navigation to post another coverage request.
		self	[11]	See generic structure GenericLink



## **4.12.**Payment request initiation (PISP)

### 4.12.1. Description

The following use cases can be applied:

- payment request on behalf of a merchant
- transfer request on behalf of the account's owner
- standing-order request on behalf of the account's owner

#### 4.12.1.1. Data content

A payment request or a transfer request might embed several payment instructions having

- one single execution date or multiple execution dates
  - case of one single execution date, this date must be set at the payment level
  - case of multiple execution dates, those dates must be set at each payment instruction level
- one single beneficiary or multiple beneficiaries
  - case of one single beneficiary, this beneficiary must be set at the payment level
  - case of multiple beneficiaries, those beneficiaries must be set at each payment instruction level

Having at the same time multiple beneficiaries and multiple execution date might not be a relevant business case, although it is technically allowed.

Each implementation will have to specify which business use cases are actually supported.

A standing order request must embed one single payment instruction and must address one single beneficiary.

- The beneficiary must be set at the payment level
- The standing order specific characteristics (start date, periodicity...) must be set at the instruction level

Payment request can rely for execution on different payment instruments:

- SEPA Credit Transfer (SCT)
- Domestic Credit Transfer in a non-Euro-currency
- International payment





The following table indicates how to use the different fields, depending on the payment instrument:

		DOMESTIC PAYMENTS	
STRUCTURE	SEPA PAYMENTS	IN NON-EURO	INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS
		CURRENCY	
	"HIGH" for high-priority SCT,	"HIGH" for high-priority	
PaymentTypeInformation/InstructionPriority	"NORM" for other SCT,	CT, "NORM" or ignored	"HIGH" for high-priority payments, "NORM" or
(payment level)	Ignored for SCTInst	for other CT	ignored for other payments
Barrer (Tarrel of a mortilar (O miles) and (o more)	ignored for SCTITISC	TOT OUTER CT	
PaymentTypeInformation/ServiceLevel (payment	"SEPA" for SCT and SCTInst	ignored	ignored
level)			
PaymentTypeInformation/CategoryPurpose	"CASH" for transfer request, "D	VPM" for payment request	"CORT" for generic international payments, "INTC"
(payment level)	on behalf of a merchant		for transfers between two branches within the same
(1-1)			company, "TREA" for treasury transfers
PaymentTypeInformation/LocalInstrument	"INST" pour les SCTInst,	Ignored or valued with ISO2	20022 external code
(payment level)	otherwise ignored	Ignored of Valded Will 1002	20022 Oxformal code
RequestedExecutionDate (at transaction level)	Optional. if set by the PISP, it in	ndicates the date on debit on th	ne ordering party account. If not set by the PISP, this
Requested Execution Date (at transaction level)	requests the ASPSP to execute	e the payment instruction as so	oon as possible.
EndToEndIdentification (at transaction level)	Mandatory	Optional	
UltimateDebtor (at transaction level)	Optional		
UltimateCreditor (at transaction level)	Optional		
InstructedAmount (at transaction level)	Mandatory		Mandatory and exclusive use of one of these
instructeu Amount (at transaction level)	ivialidatory		structures
EquivalentAmount (at transaction level)	Not used		Mandatory and exclusive use of one of these
Equivalent Amount (at transaction level)	Not used		structures
ChargeBearer (at transaction level)	"SLEV" for SCT and SCTInst	"SLEV" or "SHAR"	"CRED", "DEBT" or "SHAR"
Purpose (at transaction level)	Optional		
RegulatoryReportingCode (at transaction level)	Not used	Mandatory (possibly	
regulatory/reporting-oode (at transaction level)	Not used	multiple values)	
InstructionForCreditorAgent (at transaction level)	Not used		Optional (possibly multiple values)
RemittanceInformation	Mandatory. Structured or unstru	uctured, depending on the loca	al rules and constraints
Debter (et neumant level)	Mandatory, 2 address lines	Mandatory, 4 address	Mandatory. Complete strustured address can be
Debtor (at payment level)	only	lines only	used.
DebtorAccount (at payment level)	Optional	Optional. Account currency	may be specified
DebtorAgent (at payment level)	Optional		
Craditor (at transpostion lavel)	Mandatory, 2 address lines	Mandatory, 4 address	Mandatory. Complete strustured address can be
Creditor (at transaction level)	only	lines only	used. Date and place of birth must be specified
CreditorAccount (at transaction level)	Mandatory	Mandatory. Account current	cy may be specified
CreditorAgent (at transaction level)	Optional		
ClearingSystemId et ClearingSystemMemberId (at	Neturnal		Ontional
transaction level)	Not used		Optional
IntermediaryAgent et IntermediaryAgentAccount	Not used	Ontional	
(at transaction level)	NOLUSEO	Optional	
	l .	1	

## 4.12.1.2. Prerequisites for all use cases

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the PISP role
- The TPP was provided with an OAUTH2 "Client Credential" access token by the ASPSP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its "OAUTH2 Client Credential" access token

## **4.12.1.3. Business flow**

#### Payment Request use case





The PISP forwards a payment request on behalf of a merchant.

The PSU buys some goods or services on an e-commerce website held by a merchant. Among other payment method, the merchant suggests the use of a PISP service. As there is obviously a contract between the merchant and the PISP, there is no need for the ASPSP to check the existence of such a contract between the PSU and this PISP to initiate the process.

Case of the PSU that chooses to use the PISP service:

- The merchant forwards the requested payment characteristics to the PISP and redirects the PSU to the PISP portal.
- The PISP requests from the PSU which ASPSP will be used.
- The PISP prepares the Payment Request and sends this request to the ASPSP.
- The Request can embed several payment instructions having different requested execution date.
- The beneficiary, as being the merchant, is set at the payment level.

#### Transfer Request use case

The PISP forwards a transfer request on behalf of the owner of the account.

- The PSU provides the PISP with all information needed for the transfer.
- The PISP prepares the Transfer Request and sends this request to the relevant ASPSP that holds the debtor account.
- The Request can embed several payment instructions having different beneficiaries.
- The requested execution date, as being the same for all instructions, is set at the payment level.

#### Standing Order Request use case

The PISP forwards a Standing Order request on behalf of the owner of the account.

- The PSU provides the PISP with all information needed for the Standing Order.
- The PISP prepares the Standing Order Request and sends this request to the relevant ASPSP that holds the debtor account.
- The Request embeds one single payment instruction with
  - The requested execution date of the first occurrence
  - The requested execution frequency of the payment in order to compute further execution dates
  - An execution rule to handle cases when the computed execution dates cannot be processed (e.g. bank holydays)
  - An optional end date for closing the standing Order





# **4.12.2.**Request

post /payment-requests

## 4.12.2.1. Query Parameters

١	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
	ui_locales	[01]	End-User's preferred languages and scripts for the user interface, represented as a space-separated list of BCP47 [RFC5646] language tag values, ordered by preference.

## 4.12.2.2. Body (application/json)

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.		
{requestBody}	[11]	See generic structure PaymentRequestResource		

# **4.12.3.** Response

# 4.12.3.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

	FIELD MULT.		DESC.		
{	[11]		Data forwarded by the ASPSP top the PISP after creation of the Payment Request resource creation The ASPSP, based on the authentication approaches proposed by the PISP, choose the one that it can processed, in respect with the preferences and constraints of the PSU and indicates in this field which approach was chosen. It may happen that the ASPSP considers that, in case of payment cancellation request, there is no need for authentication and will then return "NONE".		
	appliedAuthenticationApproach	[01]	Authentication approaches that can be applied.  REDIRECT: the PSU is redirected by the TPP to the ASPSP which processes identification and authentication DECOUPLED: the TPP identifies the PSU and forwards the identification to the ASPSP which processes the authentication through a decoupled device NONE: there is no need for the PSU to authenticate		
	nonce	[01]	Challenge to be sent in order to avoid replay of the authentication process.		
	_links	[01]	LINK  LINK  DESCRIPTION  URL to be used by the PISP in order to start the ASPSP authentication and consent management process		
	consentApproval [0.		See generic structure GenericLink		



## 4.13. Retrieval of a payment request (PISP)

### 4.13.1. Description

The following use cases can be applied:

- retrieval of a payment request on behalf of a merchant
- · retrieval of a transfer request on behalf of the account's owner
- retrieval of a standing-order request on behalf of the account's owner

The PISP has previously sent a Request through a POST command.

- The ASPSP has registered the Request, updated if necessary the relevant identifiers in order to avoid duplicates and returned the location of the updated Request.
- The PISP gets the Request that was updated with the resource identifiers, and eventually the status of the Payment/Transfer Request and the status of the subsequent credit transfer.

## 4.13.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the PISP role
- The TPP was provided with an OAUTH2 "Client Credential" access token by the ASPSP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP has previously posted a Request which was saved by the ASPSP (cf. paragraph 4.5.3)
  - The ASPSP has answered with a location link to the saved Payment/Transfer Request (cf. paragraph 4.5.4)
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its "OAUTH2 Client Credential" access token

#### 4.13.3. Business flow

The PISP asks to retrieve the Payment/Transfer Request that was saved by the ASPSP. The PISP uses the location link provided by the ASPSP in response of the posting of this request.

The ASPSP returns the previously posted Payment/Transfer Request which is enriched with:

- The resource identifiers given by the ASPSP
- The status information of the Payment Request and of the subsequent credit transfer



The status information must be available during at least 30 calendar days after the posting of the Payment Request. However, the ASPSP may increase this availability duration, based on its own rules.

# **4.13.4.** Request

get /payment-requests/{paymentRequestResourceld}

#### 4.13.4.1. Path Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
paymentRequestResourceld	[11]	Identification of the Payment Request Resource

## **4.13.5.** Response

## 4.13.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

		FIELD	MULT.		DESC.	
{re	esponseBody} [11]			HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the original Payment Request to the PISP		
paymentRequest [11] See generic structure PaymentRequestResource					ure PaymentRequestResource	
	_links		[11]	LINK request confirmation transactions	DESCRIPTION  This link provides the payment-request URL for retrieving or modifying  This link shall not be provided when the confirmation was already posted.  The ASPSP might choose to provide the relevant transactions of a Payment Request through a specific link	
	request		[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
		confirmation	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
transactions [01] See generic structure GenericLink				ure GenericLink		



## 4.14. Cancellation of a Payment/Transfer Request (PISP)

### 4.14.1. Description

The PISP sent a Payment/Transfer Request through a POST command.

The ASPSP registered the Payment/Transfer Request, updated if necessary the relevant identifiers in order to avoid duplicates and returned the location of the updated Request.

The PISP got the Payment/Transfer Request that was updated with the resource identifiers, and eventually the status of the Payment/Transfer Request and the status of the subsequent credit transfer.

The PISP requests for the payment cancellation (global cancellation) or for some payment instructions cancellation (partial cancellation)

No other modification of the Payment/Transfer Request is allowed.

## 4.14.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the PISP role
- The TPP was provided with an OAUTH2 "Client Credential" access token by the ASPSP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP previously posted a Payment/Transfer Request which was saved by the ASPSP (cf. paragraph 4.5.3)
  - The ASPSP answered with a location link to the saved Payment/Transfer Request (cf. paragraph 4.5.4)
  - The PISP retrieved the saved Payment/Transfer Request (cf. paragraph 4.5.4)
- The TPP and the ASPSP successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP presented its "OAUTH2 Client Credential" access token.
- The TPP presented the payment/transfer request.
- The PSU was successfully authenticated.

#### 4.14.3. Business flow

### 4.14.3.1. Payment/Transfer request cancellation circumstances

The cancellation of a Payment/Transfer request might be triggered by the PISP upon request of the PSU.

It can also be triggered by the PISP itself in case of error or fraud detection.





Since the consequence of the cancellation will be a rejection of the Payment/Transfer request globally or limited to some of its instructions, the modification of the payment request will focus on setting the relevant status to the value "CANC".

This "CANC" status must however be explained through a reason code that can be set with the following values:

REASON	DESCRIPTION					
DS02	The PSU himsef/herself ordered the cancellation.					
DUPL	DUPL The PISP requested the cancellation for a duplication of a previous Payment/Transfer request					
FRAD	The PISP requested the cancellation for fraudulent origin of the Payment/Transfer request					
TECH	The PISP requested the cancellation for a technical issue on its side					

### 4.14.3.2. Payment/Transfer request cancellation level

- Case of a payment with multiple instructions or a standing order, the PISP asks to cancel the whole Payment/Transfer or Standing Order Request including all non-executed payment instructions by setting the [paymentInformationStatus] and the relevant [statusReasonInformation] at payment level.
- Case of a payment with multiple instructions, the PISP asks to cancel one or several payment instructions by setting the [transactionStatus] and the relevant [statusReasonInformation] at each relevant instruction level.

The cancellation request might need a PSU authentication before committing, especially when the request is PSU-driven. In other cases, the ASPSP may consider that a PSU authentication is irrelevant.

In order to meet all possibilities, the cancellation request must nevertheless include:

- The specification of the authentication approaches that are supported by the PISP (any combination of "REDIRECT" and "DECOUPLED" values).
- In case of possible REDIRECT or DECOUPLED authentication approach, one
  or two call-back URLs to be used by the ASPSP at the finalisation of the
  authentication and consent process:
  - The first call-back URL will be called by the ASPSP if the Transfer Request is processed without any error or rejection by the PSU
  - The second call-back URL is to be used by the ASPSP in case of processing error or rejection by the PSU. Since this second URL is optional, the PISP might not provide it. In this case, the ASPSP will use the same URL for any processing result.
  - o Both call-back URLS must be used in a TLS-secured request.
- In case of possible "DECOUPLED" approach, a PSU identifier that can be processed by the ASPSP for PSU recognition.
- The ASPSP saves the updated Payment/Transfer Request and answers to the PISP. The answer embeds
  - The specification of the chosen authentication approach taking into account both the PISP and the PSU capabilities.





 In case of chosen REDIRECT authentication approach, the URL to be used by the PISP for redirecting the PSU in order to perform an authentication.

Case of the PSU neither gives nor denies his/her consent, the Cancellation Request shall expire and is then rejected to the PISP. The expiration delay is specified by each ASPSP.

If any modification of the payment request other than cancellation is applied by the PISP, the ASPSP must reject the request with HTTP403 without modifying the payment request resource.

There is no need for the PISP to post a confirmation of the cancellation request.

## **4.14.4.** Request

put /payment-requests/{paymentRequestResourceld}

#### 4.14.4.1. Path Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
paymentRequestResourceld	[11]	Identification of the Payment Request Resource

## 4.14.4.2. Body (application/json)

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
{requestBody}	[11]	See generic structure PaymentRequestResource

## **4.14.5.** Response

#### 4.14.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

	FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
{r	responseBody}		Data forwarded by the ASPSP top the PISP after creation of the Payment Request resource creation The ASPSP, based on the authentication approaches proposed by the PISP, choose the one that it can processed, in respect with the preferences and constraints of the PSU and indicates in this field which approach was chosen. It may happen that the ASPSP considers that, in case of payment cancellation request, there is no need for authentication and will then return "NONE".
	appliedAuthenticationApproach [01] Authentication approaches that can be applied.  REDIRECT: the PSU is redirected by the TPP to the ASPSP which processes identification and authentication DECOUPLED: the TPP identifies the PSU and forwards the identification to the ASPSP which processes the authentication through a decoupled device  NONE: there is no need for the PSU to authenticate		
	nonce [0.		Challenge to be sent in order to avoid replay of the authentication process.
	_links	[01]	LINK  LINK  DESCRIPTION  URL to be used by the PISP in order to start the ASPSP authentication and consent management process
consentApproval [01] See generic structure GenericLink		See generic structure GenericLink	



# 4.15.Confirmation of a payment request using an OAUTH2 Authorization code grant (PISP)

### 4.15.1. Description

The PISP confirms one of the following requests or modifications:

- payment request on behalf of a merchant
- transfer request on behalf of the account's owner
- standing-order request on behalf of the account's owner

The ASPSP answers with a status of the relevant request and the subsequent Credit Transfer.

## 4.15.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the PISP role
- The TPP was provided with an OAUTH2 "Client Credential" access token by the ASPSP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP has previously posted a Request which was saved by the ASPSP (cf. paragraph 4.5.3)
- The ASPSP has answered with a location link to the saved Payment Request (cf. paragraph 4.5.4)
- The TPP has retrieved the saved request in order to get the relevant resource lds (cf. paragraph 4.6).
- The PSU was authenticated by the ASPSP through an OAUTH2 authorization code grant flow (REDIRECT approach) and the PISP got the relevant token
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP has presented its "OAUTH2 Authorization Code" access token

#### 4.15.3. Business flow

Once the PSU was authenticated through an OAUTH2 authorization code grant flow (REDIRECT approach), it is the due to the PISP to confirm the Request to the ASPSP in order to complete the process flow.

The ASPSP must wait for confirmation before executing the subsequent Credit Tranfer.

Any further confirmation by the PISP on the same Payment-Request must be ignored.





# 4.15.4. Request

post /payment-requests/{paymentRequestResourceld}/confirmation

#### 4.15.4.1. Path Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
paymentRequestResourceId	[11]	Identification of the Payment Request Resource

## 4.15.4.2. Body (application/json)

	FIELD MULT.		DESC.
{requestBody}		[11]	Confirmation request resource
	nonce	[01]	Challenge to be sent in order to avoid replay of the authentication process.
	psuAuthenticationFactor	[01]	authentication factor forwarded by the TPP to the ASPSP in order to fulfil the strong customer authentication process

# **4.15.5.** Response

# 4.15.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

	FIELD		MULT.		DESC.		
{re	esponseBody} [11]			HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the original Payment Request to the PISP			
paymentRequest [11] See generic structure PaymentRequestResource			ure PaymentRequestResource				
	_links [11]		[11] LI reques	LINK request confirmation	request This link provides the payment-request URL for retrieving or modifying		
			transactions	The ASPSP might choose to provide the relevant transactions of a Payment Request through a specific link			
			[01]	See generic structu	rre GenericLink		
		confirmation	[01]	See generic structu	See generic structure GenericLink		
transactions [01] See generic structure GenericLink				ure GenericLink			



# 4.16.Retrieval of the Credit Transfert Transactions that were processed for a given payment request (PISP)

### 4.16.1. Description

The PISP gets the execution history of a payment request.

This entry-point is an alternative to the retrieval of the history through the retrieval of the payment request.

So, each ASPSP may choose or not to implement this entry-point.

### 4.16.2. Prerequisites

- The TPP was registered by the Registration Authority for the PISP role
- The TPP has previously posted a Standing Order Request which was saved by the ASPSP (cf. paragraph 4.5.3)
  - The ASPSP has answered with a location link to the saved Payment Request (cf. paragraph 4.5.4)
  - The TPP has retrieved the saved request in order to get the relevant resource lds (cf. paragraph 4.6).
- The TPP and the ASPSP have successfully processed a mutual check and authentication
- The TPP was provided with an OAUTH2 "Client Credential" access token by the ASPSP (cf. paragraph 3.4.2).
- The TPP presented its "OAUTH2 Client Credential" access token.

#### 4.16.3. Business flow

The PISP post the history request.

The ASPSP answers with the list of relevant transactions.

## **4.16.4.** Request

get /payment-requests/{paymentRequestResourceld}/transactions

#### 4.16.4.1. Path Parameters

FIELD	MULT.	DESC.
paymentRequestResourceld	[11]	Identification of the Payment Request Resource



# **4.16.5.** Response

# 4.16.5.1. Body (application/hal+json; charset=utf-8)

FIELD		MULT.	DESC.			
{re	{responseBody}		[11]	HYPERMEDIA structure used for returning the transactions of a given payment request to the PISP		
	creditTransferTransaction		[11]	ISO20022: Payment processes required to transfer cash from the debtor to the creditor.  API: Each ASPSP will specify a maxItems value for this field taking into accounts its specificities about payment request handling		
	{arrayltem} [0*]		See generic structure CreditTransferTransactionResource			
	_links		[11]	links that can be u	used for further navigation when retrieving the transaction of a payment request.  DESCRIPTION	
				self	link to the transactions	
				parent	This link shall point to the parent payment request.	
				first	link to the first page of the transactions result	
				last	link to the last page of the transactions result	
				next	link to the next page of the transactions result	
				prev	link to the previous page of the transactions result	
		self	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
		parent	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
		first	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
		last	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
		next	[01]	See generic structure GenericLink		
	prev [01] See generic structure <u>GenericLink</u>		ure GenericLink			